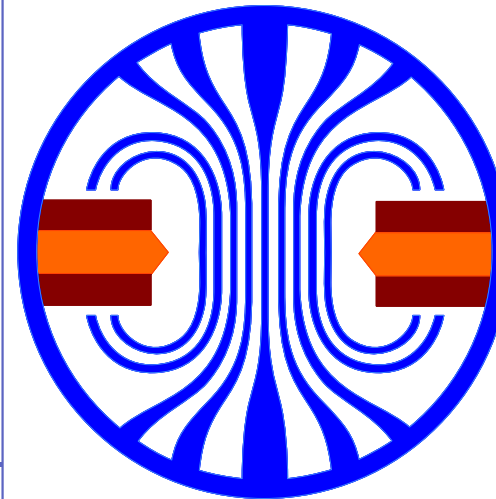


# Current Status of the Jalousie detector for the DREAM instrument

**CDT**

CASCADE Detector Technologies GmbH  
Hans-Bunte Str. 8-10  
69123 Heidelberg, Germany  
[www.n-CDT.com](http://www.n-CDT.com)



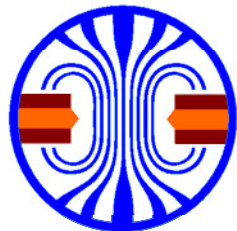
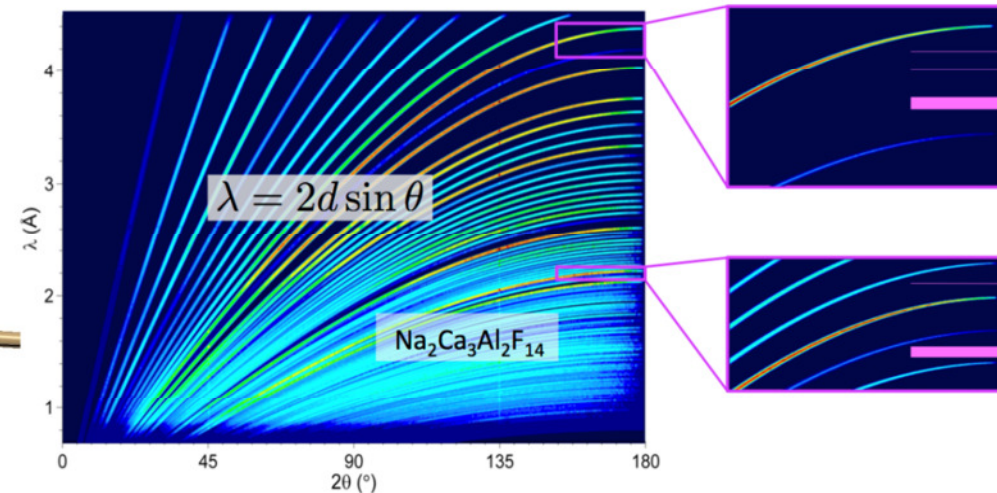
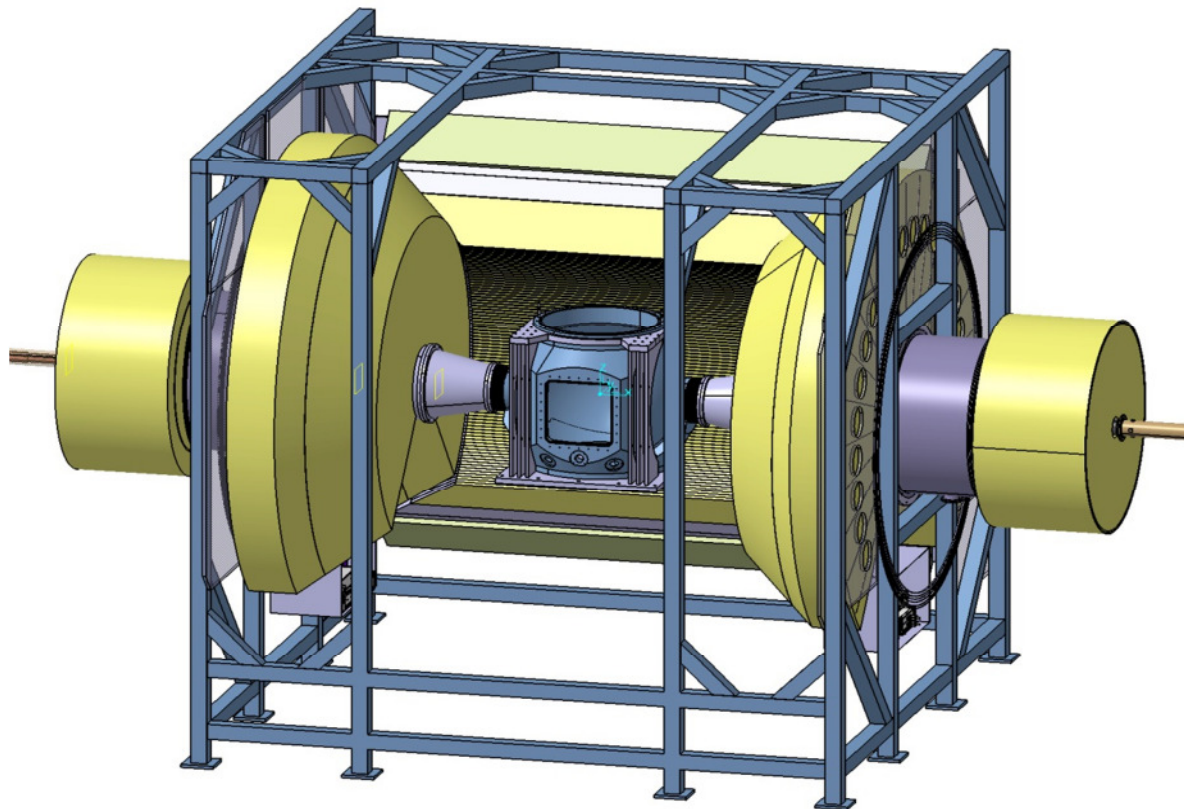
**CDT**

**IKON15, Lund, 11.09.2018**

**Martin Klein**

# The ESS-Instrument DREAM

- CDT GmbH contracted by FZJ for concept, design and realization of the 0-series for mantle and end-cap detector as well as readout electronics.
- Perfect in timing for our availability of engineering-resources.
- Production, assembly and QA procedures can nicely be interleaved with POWTEX.



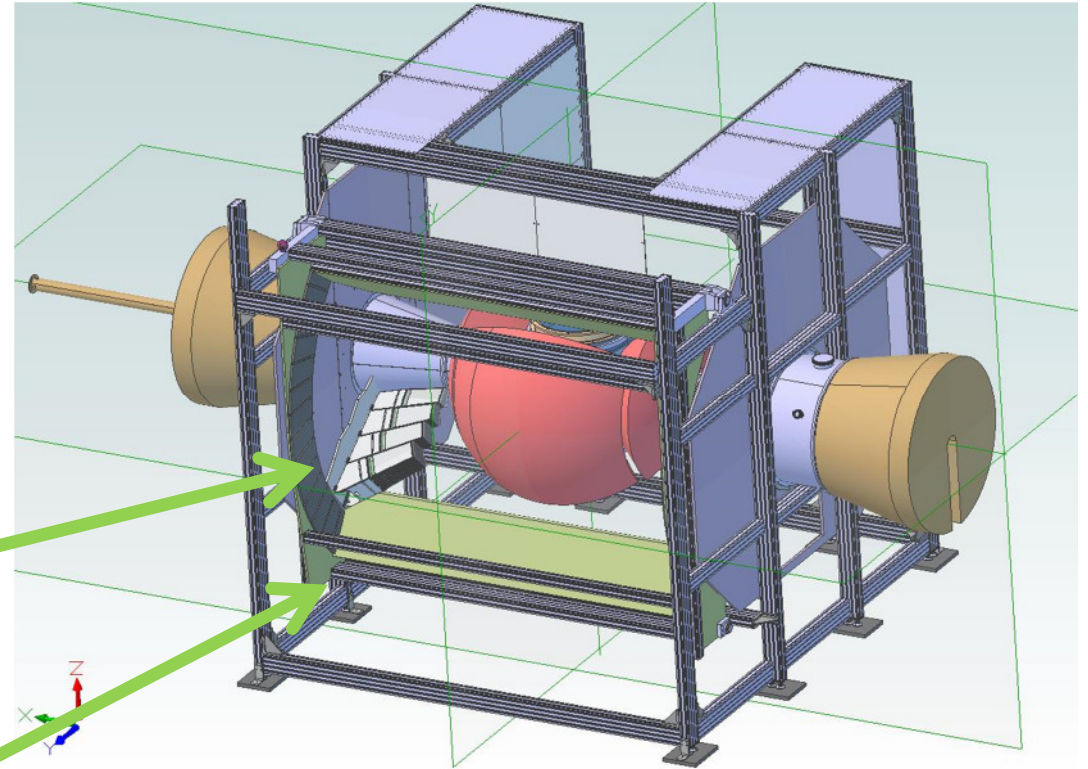
# Realization of DREAM-Jalousie at CDT

- **Engineering adaptation:**

- Full new CAD design realization.
- Blueprints of all parts.

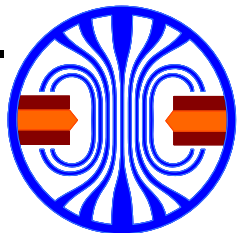
- **0-series production:**

- **End-cap detector:**  
1 mounting unit  
(12°-detector segment).
- **Mantle detector:**  
1 mounting unit  
(6 detector segments).



- **First serial production: for ESS day 1 operation of the instrument.**

- **Subsequent serial production: towards fully equipped instrument.**



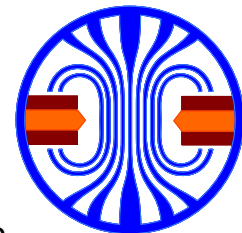
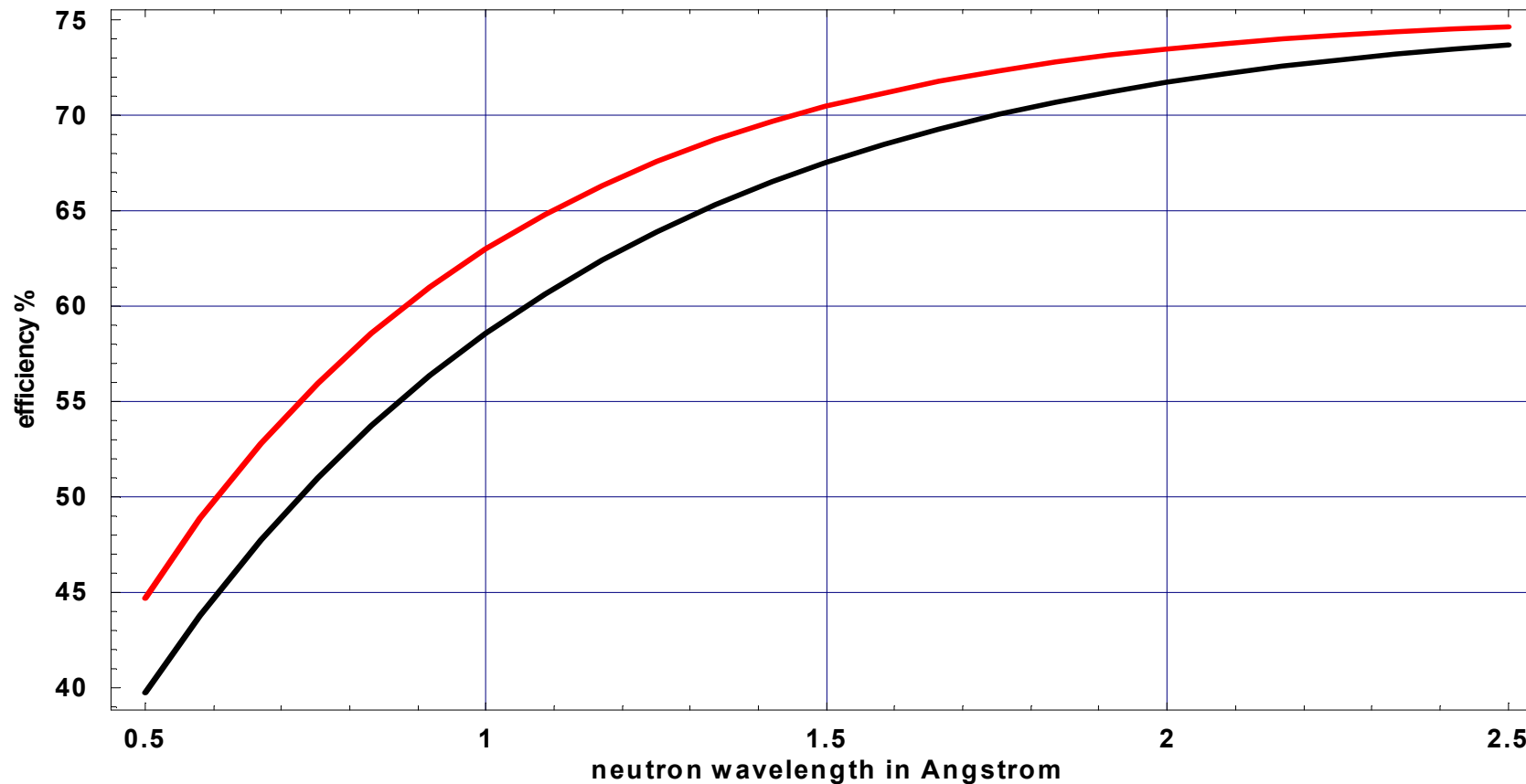
# Projected Detection Efficiency for DREAM

The number of Boron layers increased to

- 10 for the mantle detector and
- 12 for the end-cap detector

compared to POWTEX with 8 Boron layers !

DREAM Jalousie detector: mantle = 10 and end- cap = 12 layers of 1.1  $\mu\text{m}$  of 10- B4C

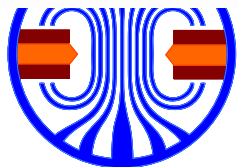
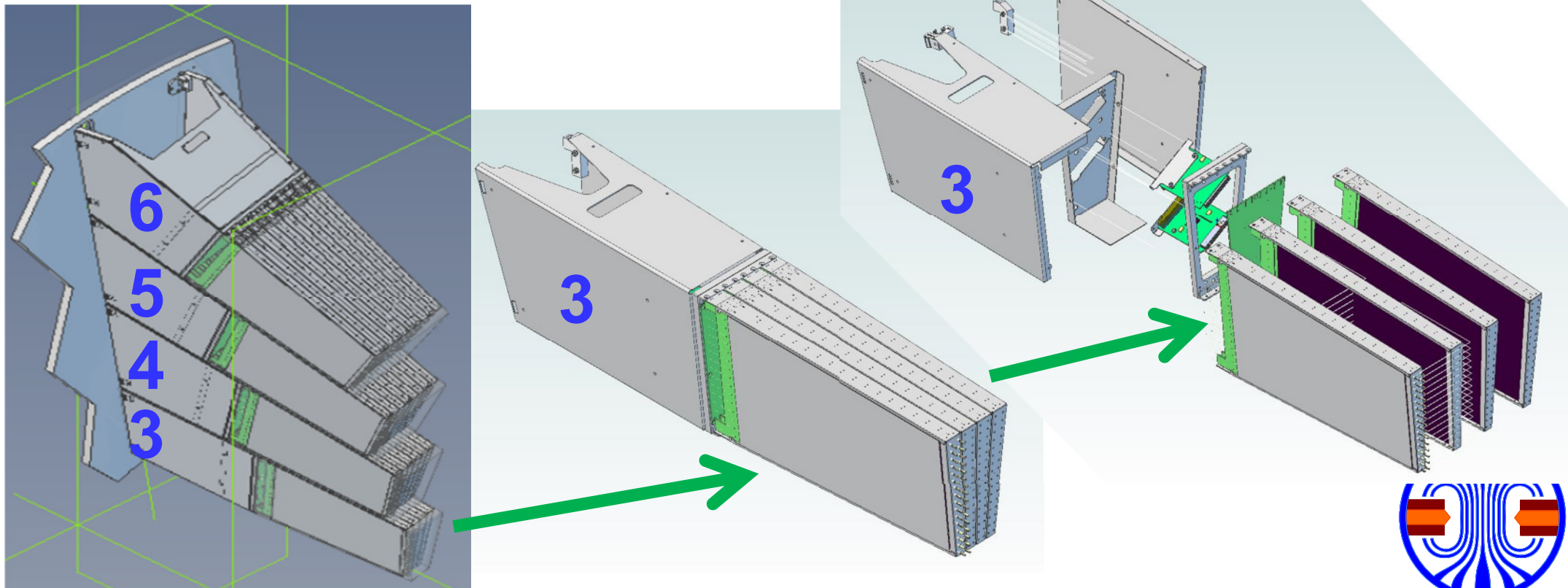


# DREAM End-Cap, hundreds of individually designed parts !

## ■ End-cap engineering design finished, all parts in procurement:

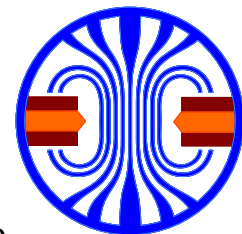
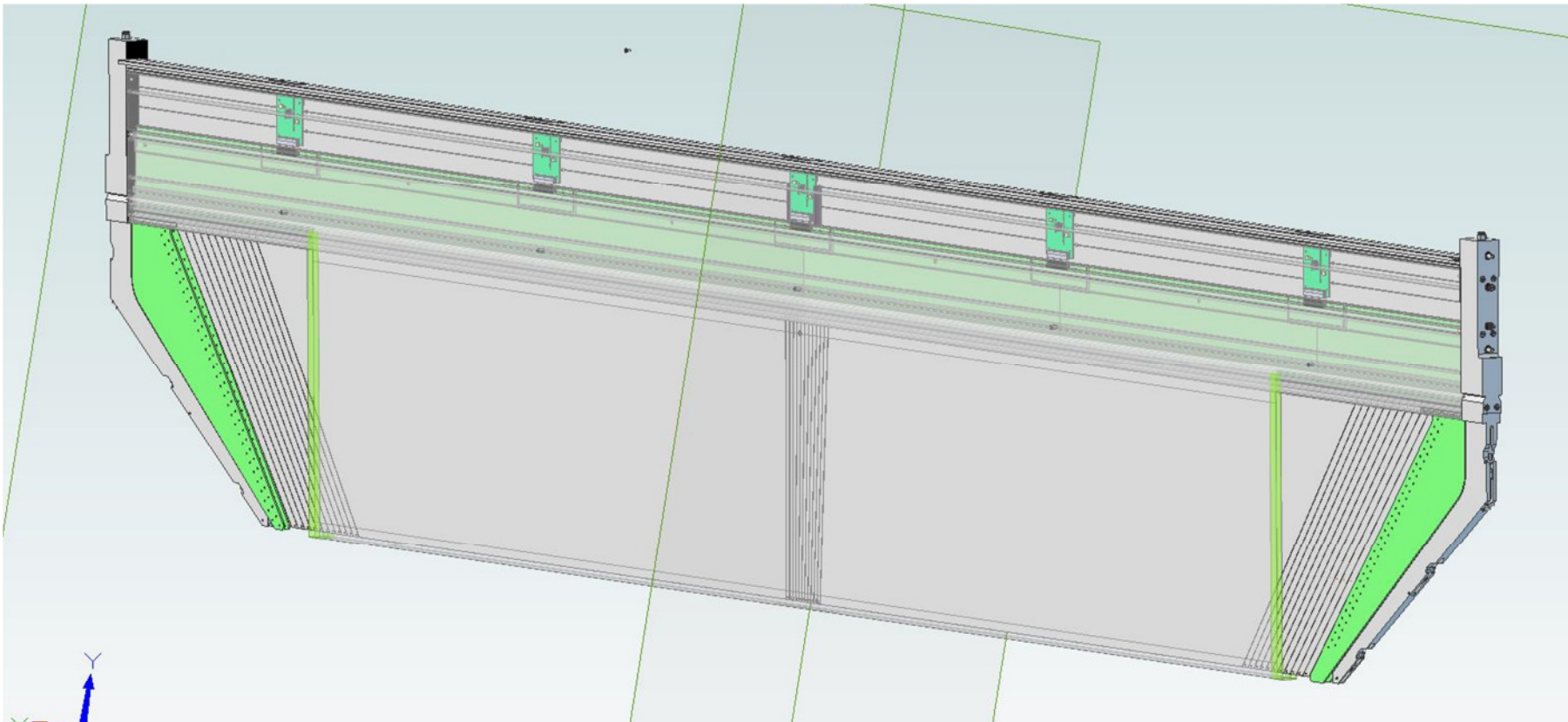
- 12°-Segment substructured in 4 submodules, anode-wires oriented towards sample.
- Design exploiting all previous POWTEX experiences.
- 4 more Boron layers → more efficiency!
- 10° inclination in  $\varphi$  → detection efficiency + avoid blind area!
- 10° inclination in  $2\theta$  → avoid blind area between submodules!

assembly to start  
subsequently



# DREAM mantle detector, segments 3400 mm long !

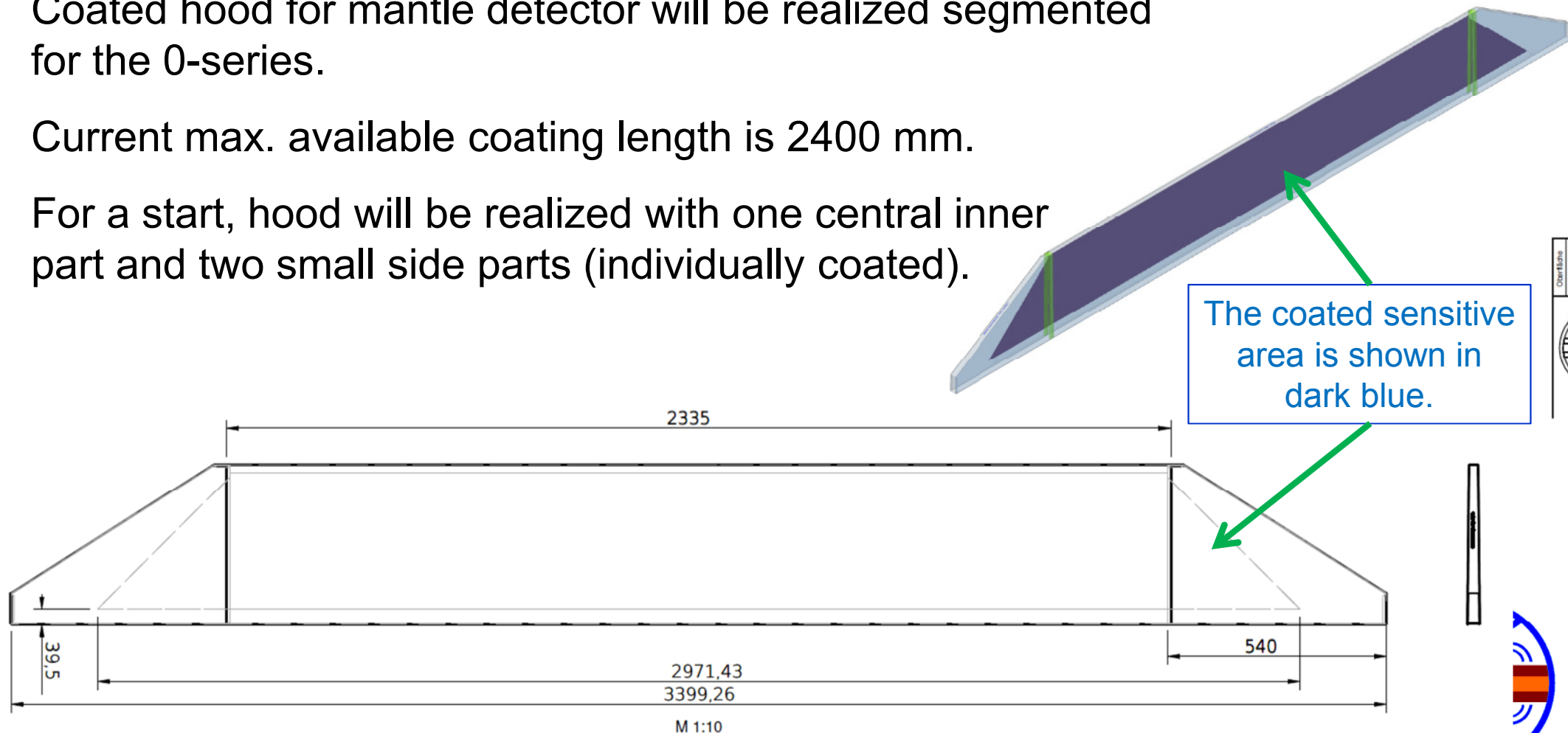
- **Mantle engineering design finished now in September 2018:**
  - Design exploiting all previous POWTEX experiences.
  - 2 more Boron layers → more efficiency!
  - 256 cathode and 64 anode readout channels: 5 ASIC chips per segment.
  - 10° inclination in  $\varphi$  → detection efficiency + avoid blind area!



# Design enhancements and challenges (compared to POWTEX)

**Larger inner diameter of the entire instrument: 2200 mm (versus 1600 mm):**

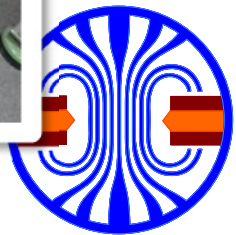
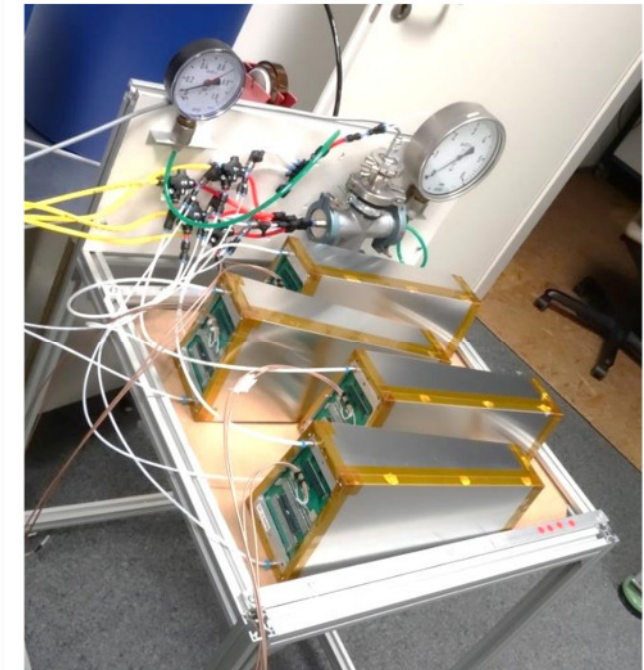
- Results in 3400 mm long detector segments.
- Coated hood for mantle detector will be realized segmented for the 0-series.
- Current max. available coating length is 2400 mm.
- For a start, hood will be realized with one central inner part and two small side parts (individually coated).



# Current Detector Production at CDT GmbH



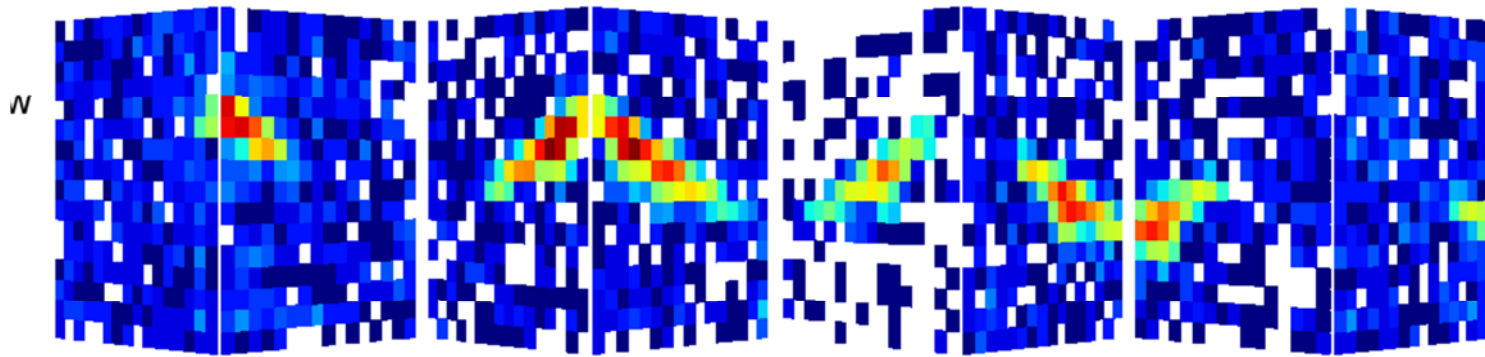
- 0-series end-cap production for DREAM will fit seamlessly into the end-cap production of POWTEX.
- Current capacity: 4 SUMOs per week.





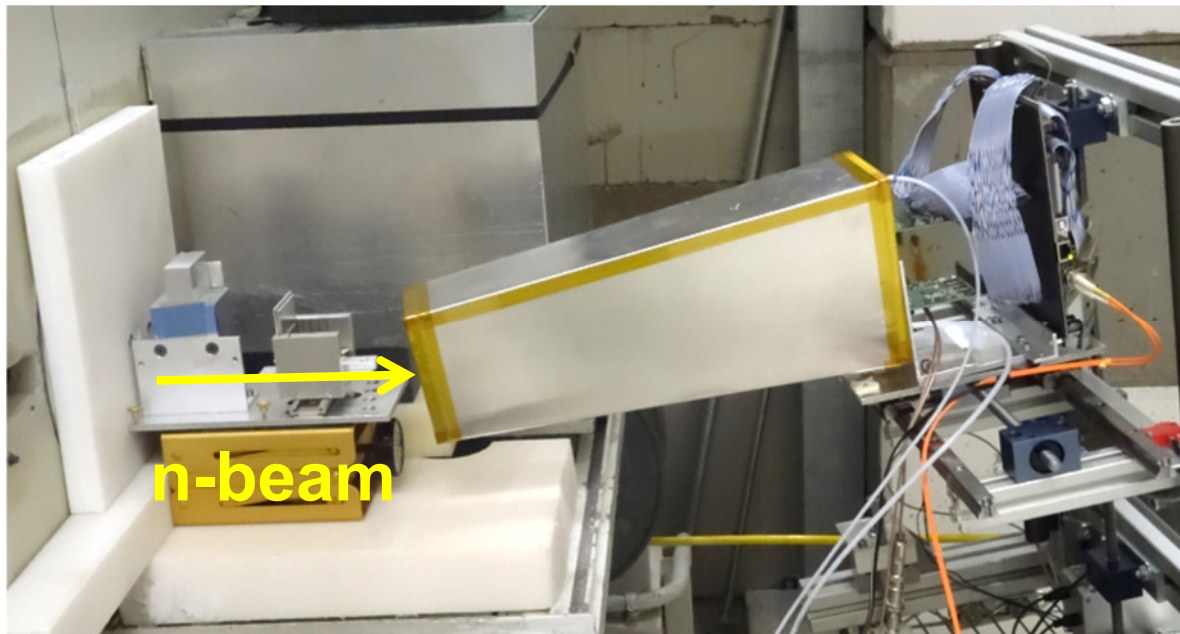
# End-Cap Concept Successfully Verified

SUMO3\_Puls1\_10° puls\_20170419\_



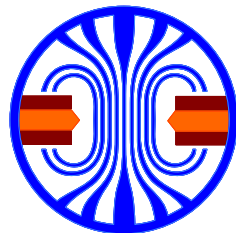
POWTEX Prototype:  
4 cassettes with 8  
detector planes  
(still varying coating  
thicknesses)

Counts / 30 ms

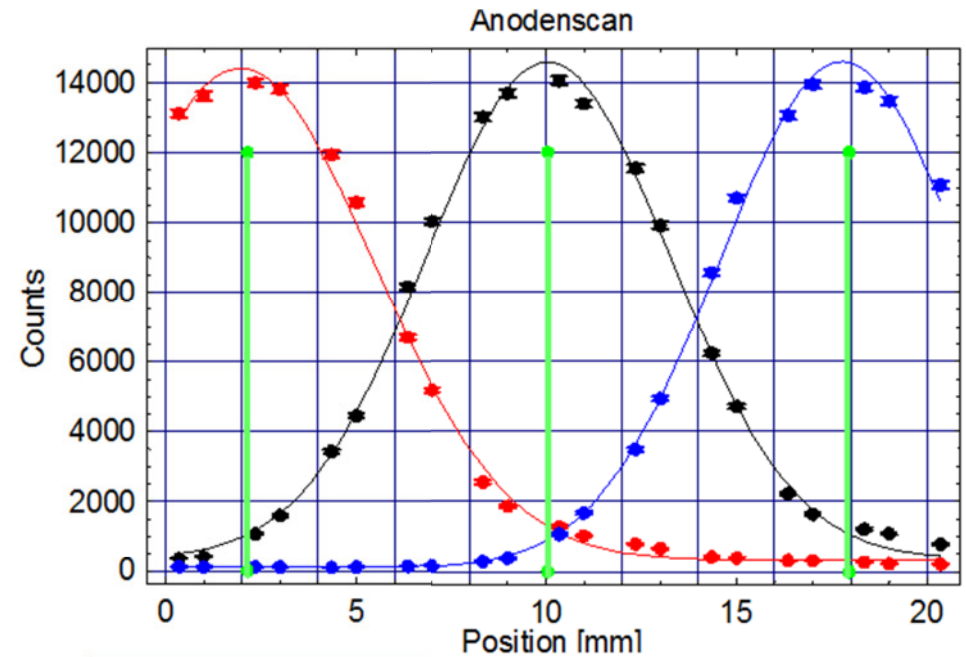
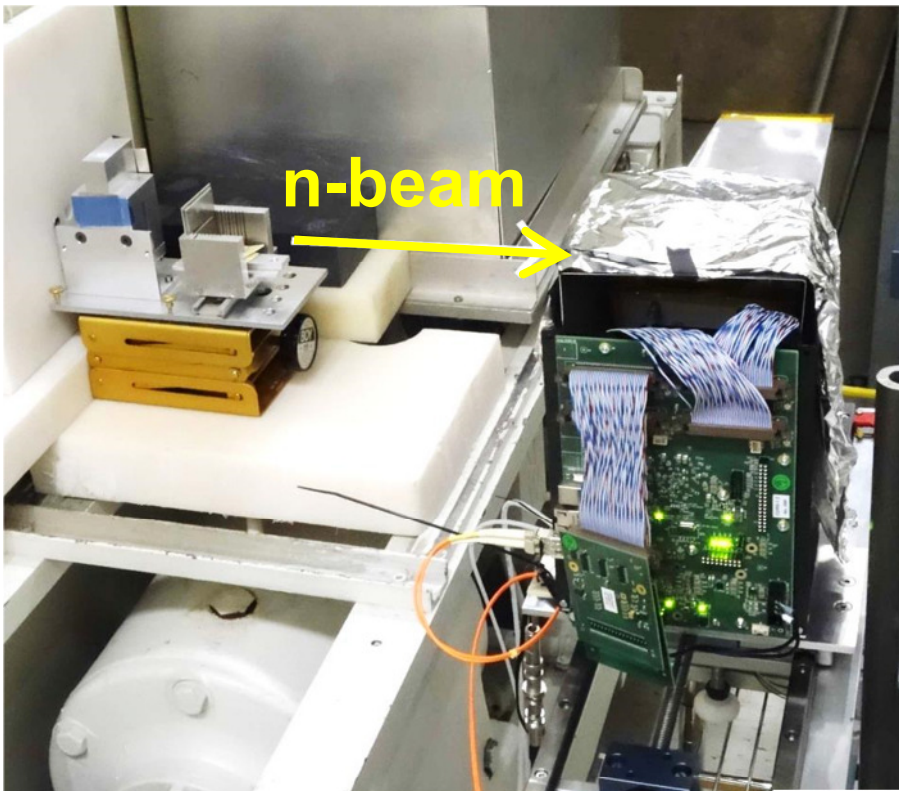


Prototype of POWTEX  
Submodule 3 in the direct beam  
(10° inclination) at Mainz TRIGA Reactor:  
250 MW for 30 ms!

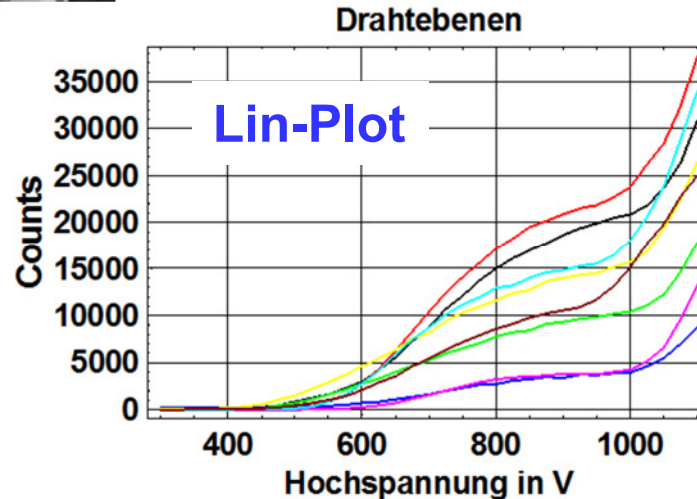
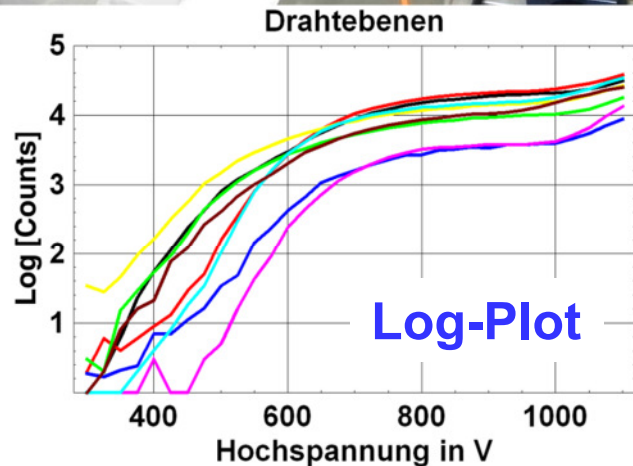
Many thanks to Carina  
Höglund and Linda  
Robinson from the ESS  
Detector Coatings  
Workshop for helping out  
with the  $^{10}\text{B}_4\text{C}$  coating!



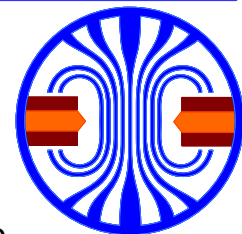
# End-Cap Concept Successfully Verified



determined  $2\Theta$  resolution FWHM:  
 $(6,5 \pm 0,4) \text{ mm} \Leftrightarrow (0,38 \pm 0,02)^\circ$

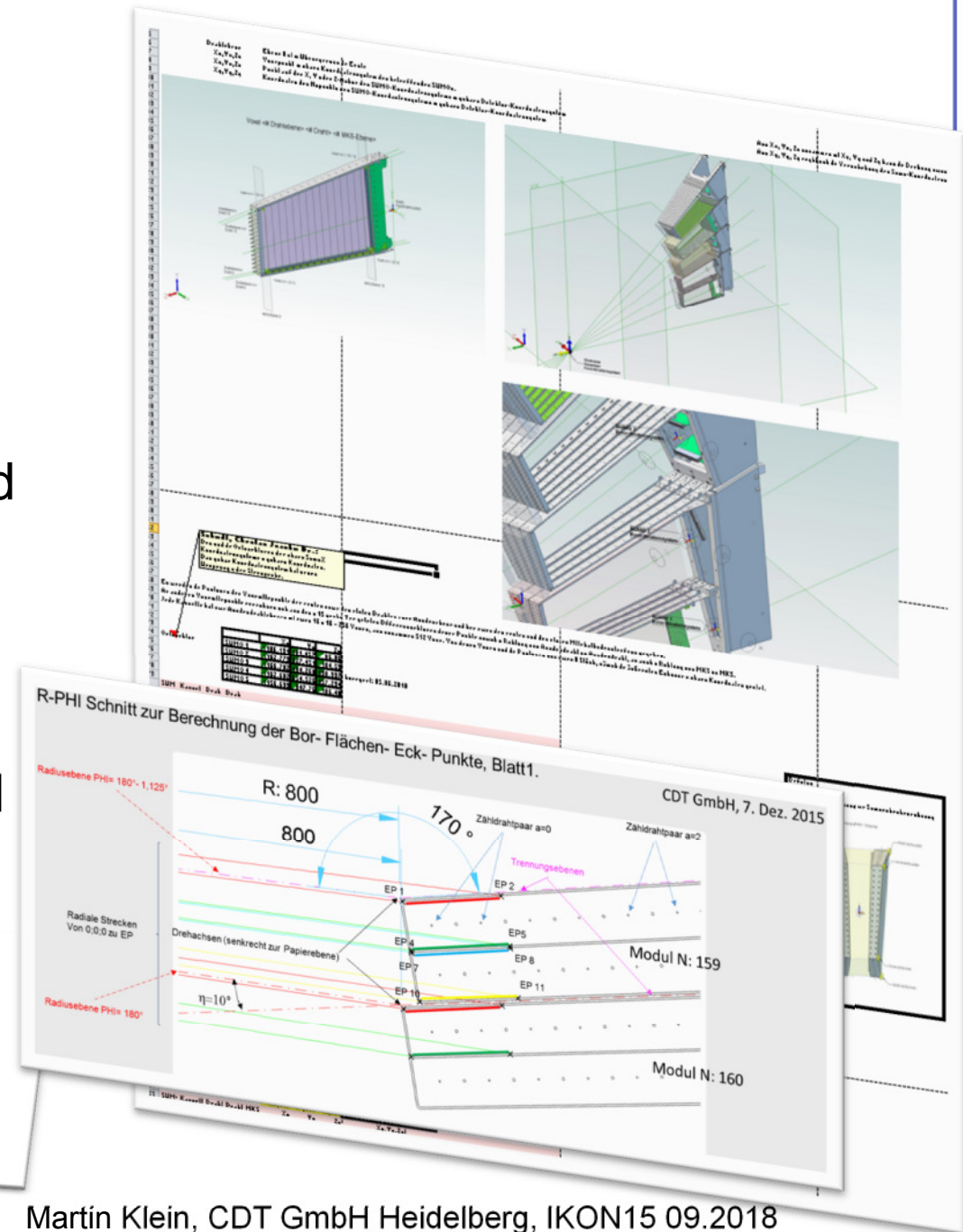
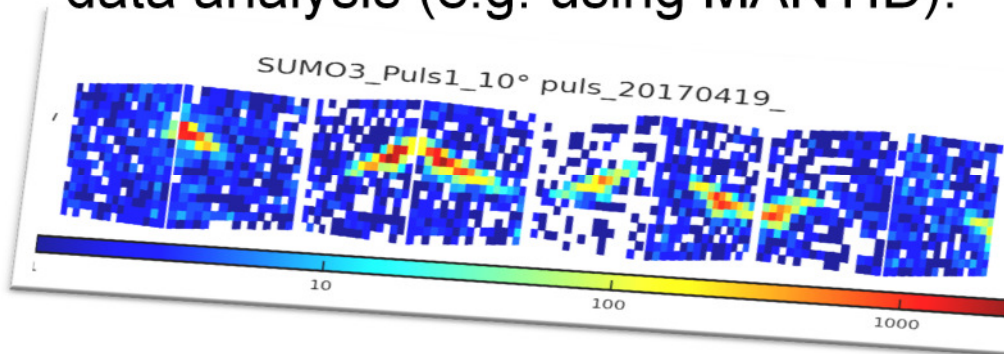


High voltage plateau:  
 850 - 950 V.



# 3D-Volume Detector Needs Map of Voxelpositions

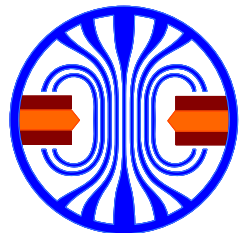
- 572229 voxel/sr (mantle detector) and 309239 voxel/sr (end-cap detector)!
- Need to know where they are!
- Python script developed as computer generatable voxel map.
- Deduced from principles of design and voxel segmentation.
- Voxel corner positions as function of integer readout voxel addresses.
- Direct ingredient for simulation as well data analysis (e.g. using MANTID).



# Fully parameterized, Python-enhanced CAD

**Our CAD-System provides a Python interface and allows fully parameterized design flow so that:**

- Fundamental CAD reference points of construction can be generated in CAD-talk via a python script.
- The individual sub-designs deduced from these reference points can be fully parameterized.
- From DREAM to MAGIC as well as HEIMDAL:
  - this will accelerate the needed re-design and
  - guarantee continuous design quality.
- Finally, the Voxel Map may be deduced from the resulting design faster.



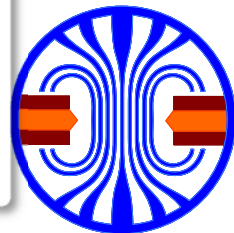
# POWTEX Mantle Detector production finished Q1 2017!



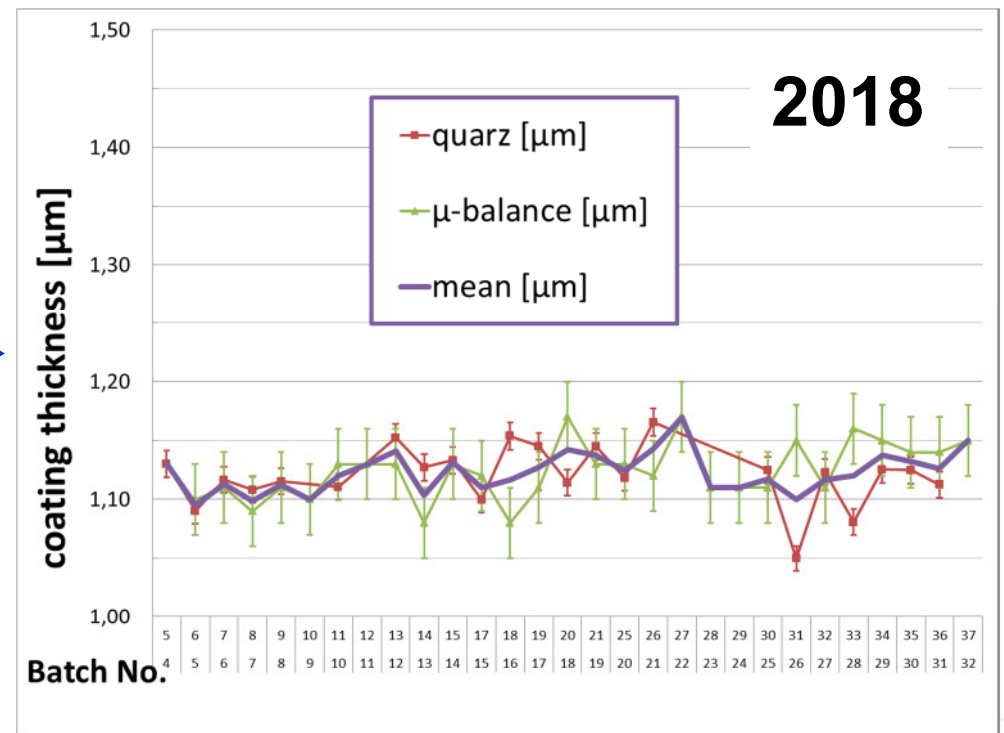
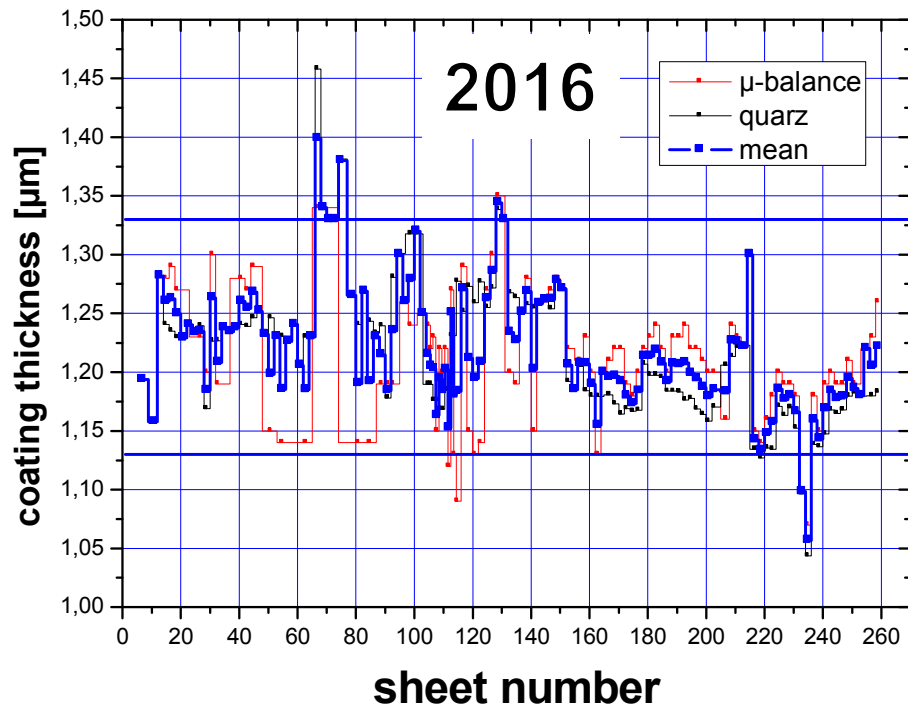
The entire POWTEX Mantle Detector stored at CDT in transport boxes:  
Waiting to be shipped and mounted at FRM-II East Hall!



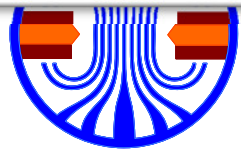
**DREAM Mantle Detector  
Parts-Procurement and  
Production  
to start November 2018**



# $^{10}\text{B}_4\text{C}$ Coating Process Improved: from POWTEX to DREAM

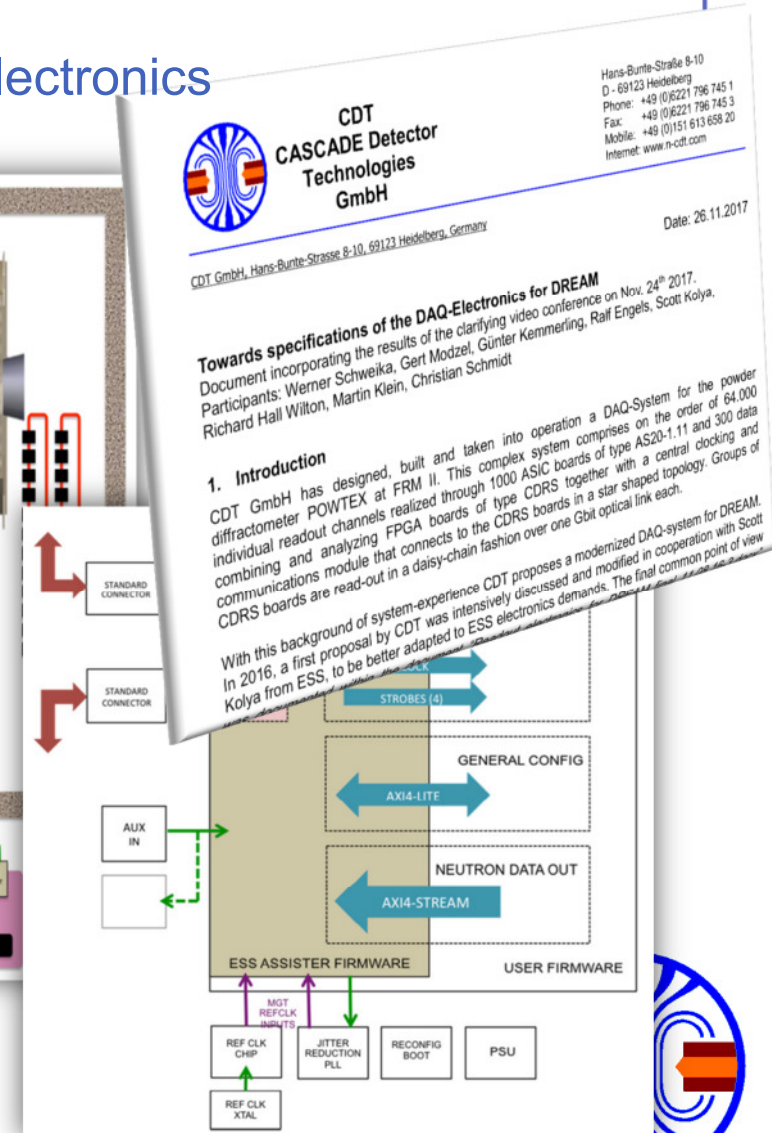
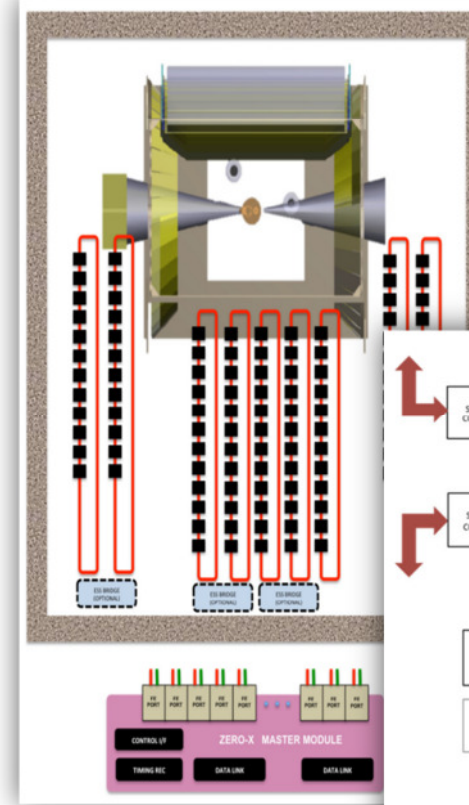


- Coating at S-DH: our neighbor and expert in neutron guides.
- S-DH has developed further its coating process on their large sputter plant (more than 10m long):
  - much more homogenous and reproducable.
  - even neutron guides are now produced there.
- Movatec in Munich as a further new supplier is currently under our evaluation.



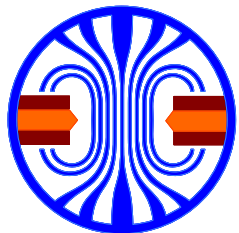
# Towards the DREAM Readout Electronics

- Specifications and documentation of the entire readout scheme iterated and agreed upon between ESS, FZJ and CDT.
  - Documented in „Towards specification of the DAQ-Electronics for DREAM 24.11.17-Minutes\_iterated\_u.pdf”
- Conceptual scheme along CDT’s previously developed system concepts.
- Fully consistent with ESS demands and integration needs.
- Schematics done, prototyping and zero-series for DREAM this year.
- Need ESS Zero-X Master Module and ESS Assister Firmware.



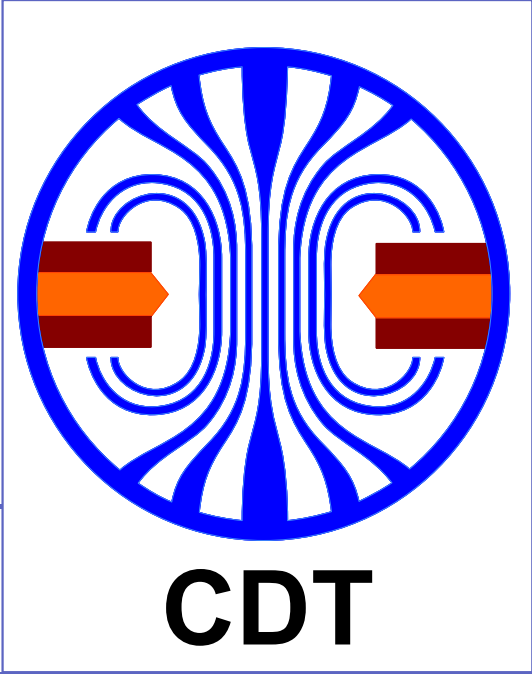
# Conclusions

- DREAM Engineering ongoing full blast and almost finished.
- Modern fully parameterized CAD concepts employed.
- Blueprints of all parts of endcap detectors being generated and prepared for procurement, assembly subsequently
- Will interleave coating and assembly of DREAM 0-series with ongoing production.
- Targeting evaluation beamtime May 2019.





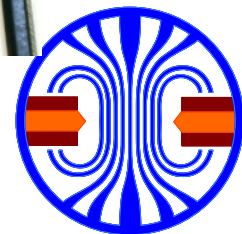
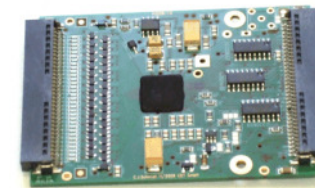
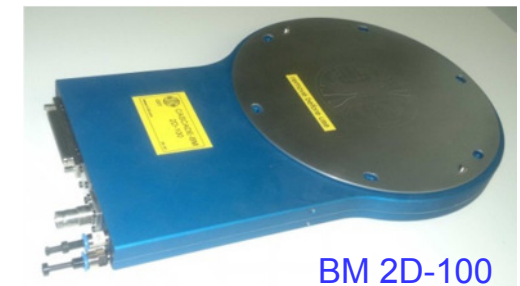
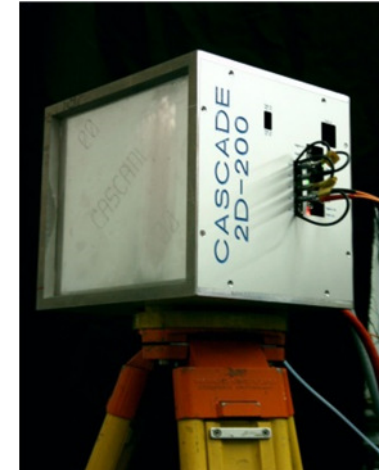
# Backup Slides



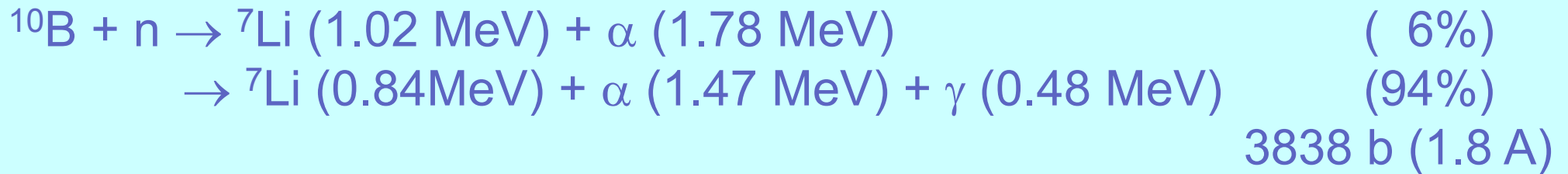
**CDT**

# CDT CASCADE Detector Technologies GmbH

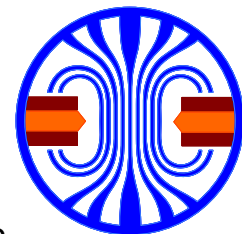
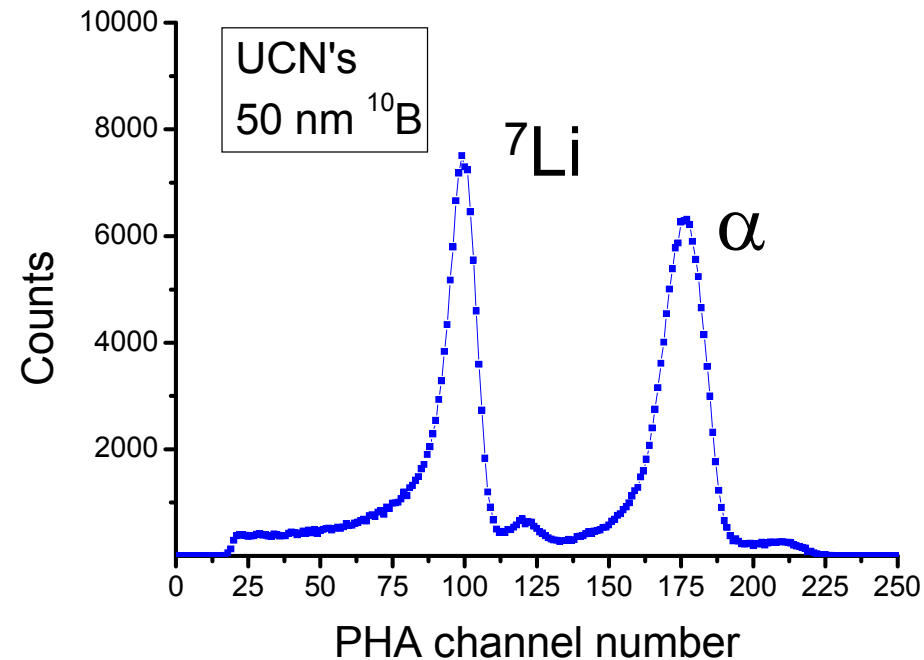
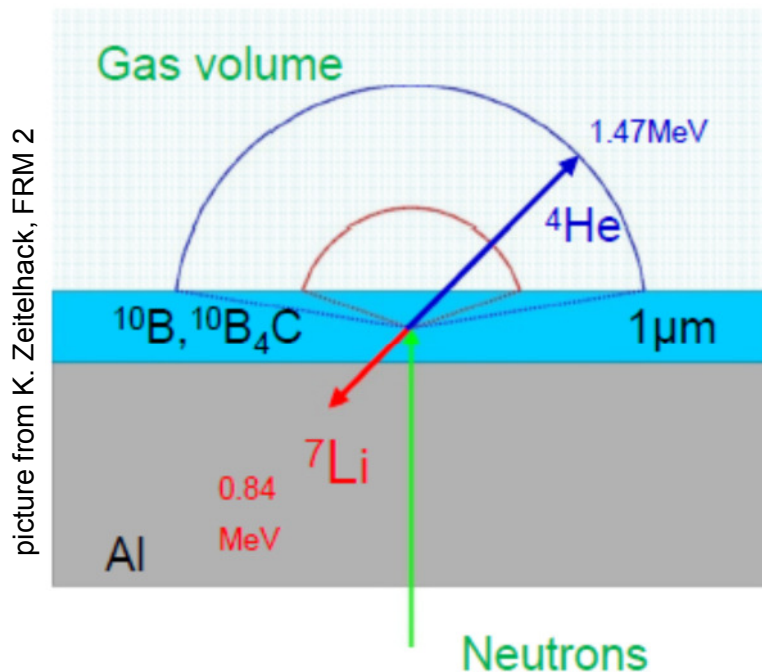
- Founded in 2006 as spin-off of Physikalisches Institut Heidelberg
- Focus:  $^{10}\text{B}$  based area detectors for thermal and cold neutrons as complete system solutions with electronics and software
  - JALOUSIE detector, the alternative for  $^3\text{He}$  PSDs  
large areas, medium resolution → POWTEX and DREAM
  - CASCADE 2D-200 – high rates GEM-based solution with extraordinary contrast of  $10^5$ . → expansion to 2D-300 (300 x 300mm<sup>2</sup>)
  - CASCADE-MIEZE – special variation to resolve 1MHz intensity variations
  - CASCADE-BM position sensitive Beam Monitors
  - UCN detectors
  - ASIC and FPGA-based multi-channel readout electronics
- Customers: FRM-II, FZJ, ESS, PSI, ILL, KIT (IBR-II), IHEP (CSNS, China), KEK & JAEA (Japan) via REPIC, KACST (Saudi Arabia),



# Neutron detection with $^{10}\text{B}$ converters

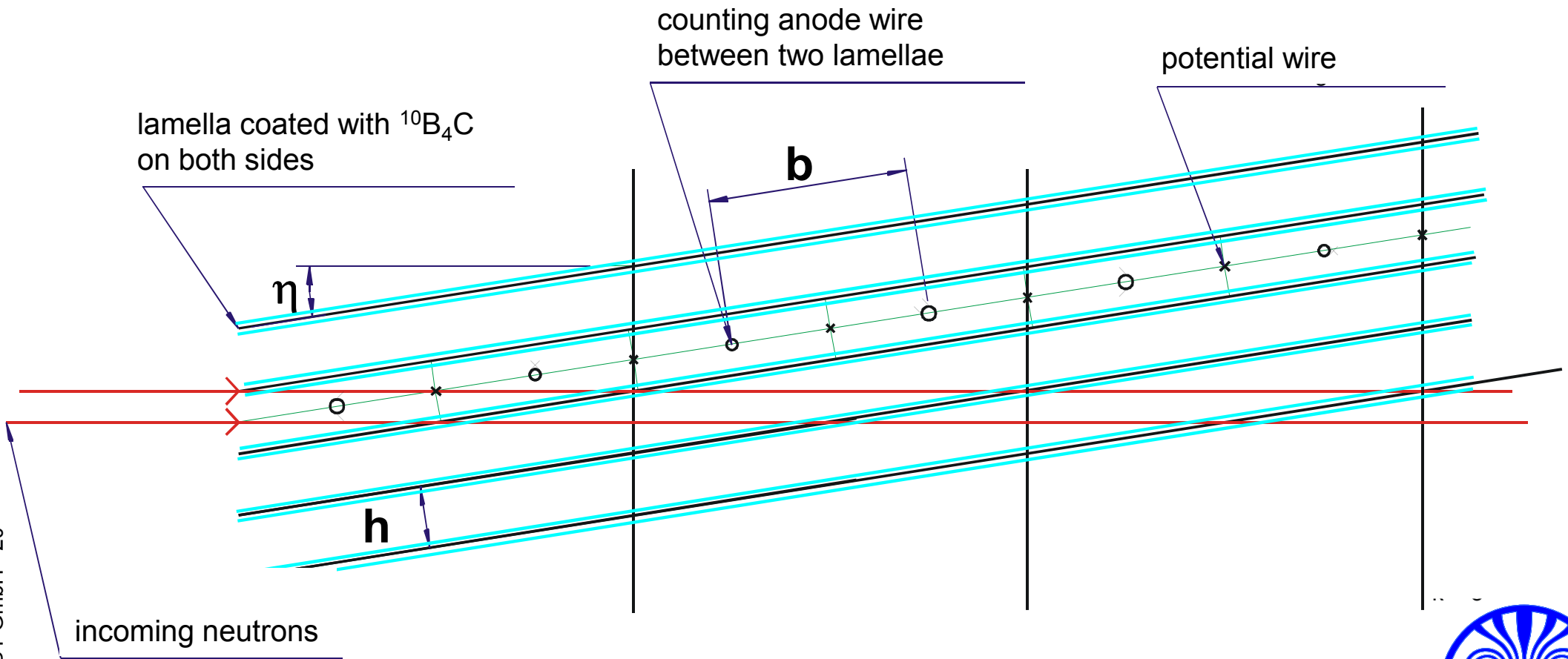


- $^{10}\text{B}$  and  $^{10}\text{B}_4\text{C}$  are stable, inert (compared to  $\text{BF}_3$ ) and non hygroscopic (as e.g.  $\text{Li}$ ,  $\text{BF}_3$ )
- > 96% enriched  $^{10}\text{B}$  available (large industrial demands for  $^{11}\text{B}$ )
- large charge-signal inside detector
- Ranges of  $\alpha$  (3.14  $\mu\text{m}$ ) and  $^7\text{Li}$  (1.53  $\mu\text{m}$ ) limit single layer detection efficiency to  $\sim 5\%$  for thermal neutrons at vertical incidence

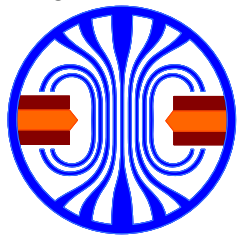


# Jalousie: Detector Concept – neutrons at scraping incidence

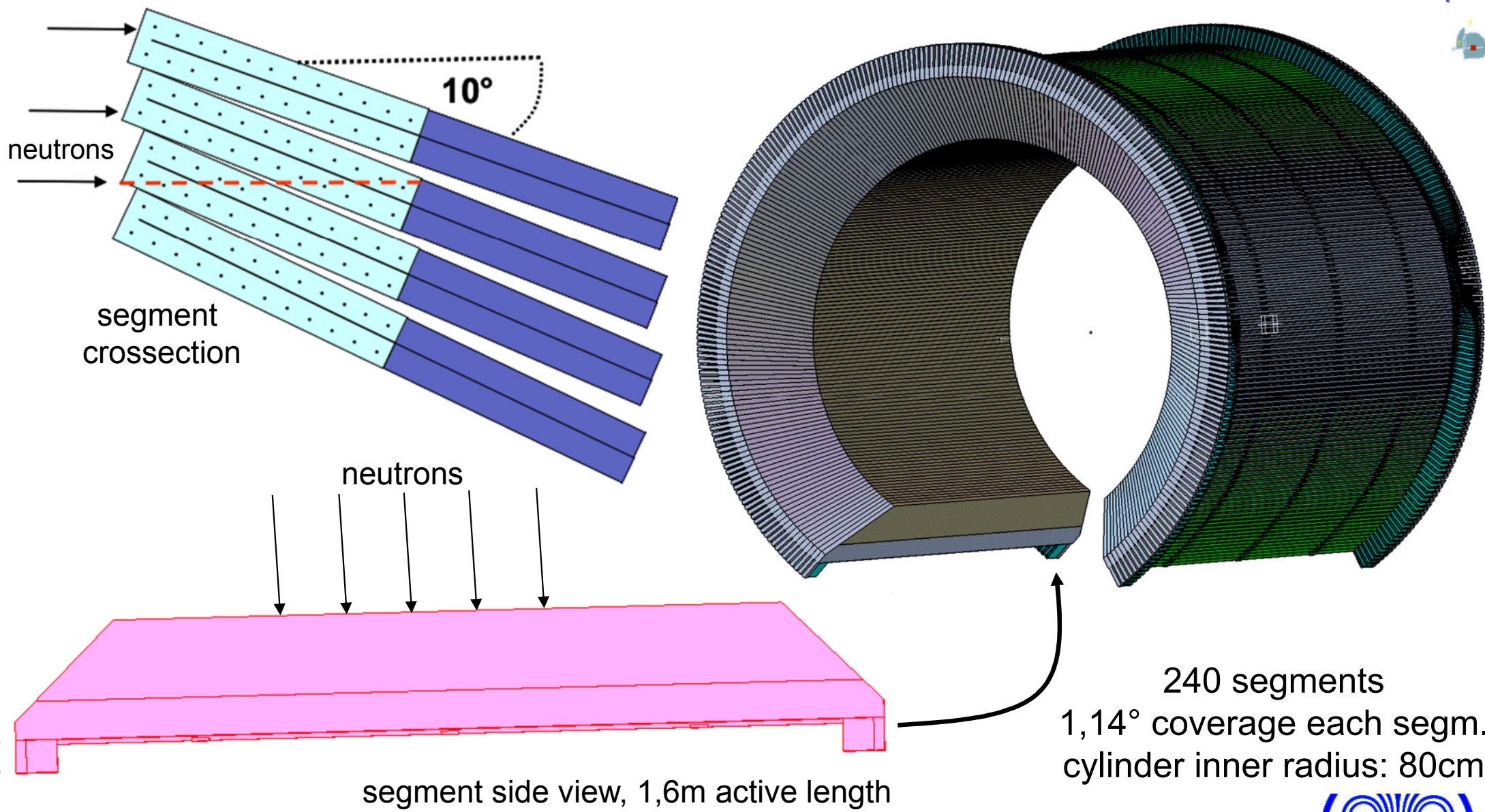
$^{10}\text{B}$ -coated lamellae inclined to incoming neutron intensity at an angle of  $\eta = 10^\circ$



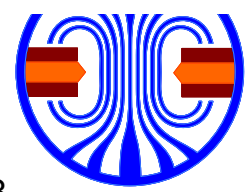
realized depth: 8 Boron/ $\text{B}_4\text{C}$  layers



# Jalousie: Modular and Segmented for POWTEX Cylinder



**All-active detector entrance area, no blind areas !**



# Projected Detection Efficiency at POWTEX

Efficiency as function of wavelength,  $\eta = 10^\circ$ , 8  $^{10}\text{B}_4\text{C}$  layers

