







Sven Schütz :: Paul Scherrer Institut :: 29.10.2018

ESTIA – Science Case and SEE Priorities

LSS SEE Workshop 27.11.2018 – ISIS



ESTIA – Science Case and SEE Priorities – Artur Glavic

• User operation: 2024





ESTIA Science Case I



Fundamental understanding of condensed matter



Health - Bio-membrane function:

- Structure of cell membrane in equilibrium
- Reaction to external stimuli (E-field)
- Dynamics of interaction w/ other molecules



ESTIA Science Case II



Active lave

Accepto

Help to solve societies great challenges



Energy - Battery materials:

- In-situ insight in ion transport
- Understand underlying surface chemistry
- Improve structure of electrodes
- Investigate new material systems

Information - Multiferroic RAM:

- Low energy consumption (÷100)
- Non-volatile
- 4 distinct memory states





Functional soft-matter:

- Semi-conductors
- Organic photovoltaics (OPV)
- OLEDs
- Sensors





Page 5



E1: Spontelectric thin films



- Films of N₂O/Methyl formate deposited in HV and low T
- Molecules assemble with preferred orientation
- Spontaneous electric field is developed
- What is the structure in the film?
- What happens at transitions?





Cassidy, A.; Jørgensen, M. R. V.; Rosu-Finsen, A.; Lasne, J.; Jørgensen, J. H.; Glavic, A.; Lauter, V.; Iversen, B. B.; McCoustra, M. R. S. & Field, D. *Dipole-Oriented Molecular Solids Can Undergo a Phase Change and Still Maintain Electrical Polarization* Journal of Physical Chemistry C, 2016



2.5

2

1.5

0.5

C₂H₄O₂ density [g/cm³]

25

E1: Spontelectric thin films









- Heterostructure with FeMn sandwiched between Cu layers
- SQUID shows EB
- No FM/AFM interface
- Where is the magnetization?
- What "pins" the moments (AFM)?





Roshchin, Igor V.; Lapa, Pavel N.; Glavic, Artur; Ambaye, Haile; Lauter, Valeria; Eggers, Tatiana M.; Miller, Casey W.; Belashchenko, Kirill







11



he of the

1



Interfaces with ESS standard KM

- Sample stack on airpads for alignment to beam
- No current use case for L0
- L1 and above rotate with omega















- No adapter
- L1 w/ rotation
- Hexapod unused
- ~350kg-1000kg



- L1-L2 adapter omega
- Custom cryostat stage on Hexapod

Modular setup depending on SEE weight

- L2 rotates, stage 6 DOF
- L2 ~500kg, stage ~50kg



- Hexapod to L2 adapter
- Rotates + 6 DOF
- ~350kg





RT bore cryomagnet & cryostat

Setup 1

- Magnet on omega
- Cryostat w/ sample adjusted with Hexapod inside magnet
- Laser setup for sample alignment w/o beam
- Geometry allows reflectivity and diffraction
- Cryostat is light weight and can be removed
- Optional: RT sample holder or changer













Page 16

Setup 2

- Horizontal sample changer
- Free access from all sides
- High precision alignment with Hexapod
- Whole system can quickly be removed and reinstalled on kinematic couplings (<50µm repeatability)
- Dedicated Estia Solid-liquid cells
- Liquids handling equipment





High field magnet





- Full adjustment range and precision
- Sample access directly from roof









Heavy high field magnet

Setup 4

During





- Very high field possible with magnet on L1 ٠
- Only omega motion possible
- Alignment given by kinematic mounts (~0.1mm)
- Need larger beam size horizontally by opening VS
- Vertical beam position can be adjusted by VS +/- 5mm



Magnet Meeting | Artur Glavic





Setup 5

- Collimate vertically with slit and VS
- 1.2° 2.7° incident angle available from guide
- Extent q-range with double-mirror option (m=2,5) to 4.0° and 6.0° for q_{max} >0.3 Å⁻¹
- Provide additional capability while FREIA is not yet in •









Setup X

- Kerr-effect add-on
- Additional cryostats for fast sample changes (cooling new sample while measuring old)
- Pump laser for dynamic experiments
- Helmholtz coils for XYZ-polarization analysis
- Pressure cell for low-T as advised by STAP
- Bending rig
- Potentiostat
- High E-field
- High-T for cryo











OPEN Magnet Meeting | Artur Glavic

Responsible:



