

# The European Spallation Source

**Overview presentation** 

www.europeanspallationsource.se 9 December, 2019





Build and operate the world's most powerful neutron source,

# enabling scientific-breakthroughs

in research related to materials, energy, health and the environment,

addressing some of the most important societal challenges of our time.

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# **Organisation and People**





### **Organisation chart** Updated 17 Sep 2019





### **Data Management and Software Centre**

### COBIS, Copenhagen University North Campus

Provide world leading scientific software and scientific computing support for neutron scattering at ESS

#### **Scientific Software**

ESS experiment control system, Data acquisition, Data correction software, visualization, and software to model and analyze experimental data sets.

#### **Data center operations**

Store and catalogue ESS datasets, provide ESS users remote access to their data, computing for live data correction, and analysis software during and after experiments.

#### **User support**

Support ESS users with data treatment and analysis.





#### From Lund to Copenhagen, and Back Again

The figure illustrates a typical data flow for a neutron scattering experiment. Each arrow in the graphic corresponds to a key area of scope within the DMSC.

The team of users configure the components of the instrument and sample environment using an experiment control system that interfaces with the neutron instrument components through the ESS EPICS network.

Data are taken in event mode whereby the individual detector counts are tagged with useful experimental metadata to create a dataset. The list of events and metadata are aggregated in software and broadcast over a network in a continuous stream of data that external software systems can utilise.

The raw data are transformed and corrected from the base unit of the instrument to a data type that is scientifically useful and valid. One of the key objectives of ESS is to take the large volumes of data and process them in as near to real time as possible.

The representation to the beamline users of a scientifically meaningful display of the corrected data.

A scientific model is generated in order to scientifically interpret the experimental data.

#### Data Flow / Experiment Control

Analyse

Experiment

Control

Stream

Reduce

Visualise

A key objective is to build in from the start the capability for the interconnected software systems to control the experiment. The lines connecting parts of the data flow to the experiment control represent this functionality.

#### Iterative Workflow

The circle in the graphic represents the iterative workflow of scientific modelling and visualisation of model and experimental data that is often used.

### **The ESS journey** Delivering the world's leading facility for research using neutrons







## **Facility outline** Proceeding according to plan





# Financing includes cash and deliverables

### **Host Countries Sweden and Denmark**

Construction 47.5% Cash Investment ~ 97% Operations 15%

#### **Non Host Member Countries**

Construction 52.5% In-kind Deliverables ~ 70% Operations 85%

### **13 European Member Countries**





EUROPEAN SPALLATION SOURCE

# **Unique international project**

With unique cooperation among nations and leading research insitutes

**Aarhus University** Atomki - Institute for Nuclear Research **Bergen University CEA Saclay**, Paris Centre for Energy Research, Budapest Centre for Nuclear Research, Poland, (NCBJ) CNR, Rome **CNRS** Orsay, Paris Cockcroft Institute, Daresbury Elettra – Sincrotrone Trieste **ESS Bilbao** Forschungszentrum Jülich Helmholtz-Zentrum Geesthacht Huddersfield University **IFJ PAN**, Krakow **INFN**, Catania **INFN**, Legnaro **INFN**, Milan Institute for Energy Research (IFE) **Rutherford-Appleton** 



Laboratory, Oxford(ISIS) Kopenhagen University Laboratoire Léon Brilouin (CEA/CNRS/LLB) Lund University Nuclear Physics Institute of the ASCR **Oslo University** Paul Scherrer Institute (PSI) Polish Electronic Group (PEG) **Roskilde University** Tallinn Technical University Technical University of Denmark **Technical University Munich** Science and Technology Facilities Council **UKAEA** Culham University of Tartu Uppsala University WIGNER Research Centre for Physics Wroclaw University of Technology Warsaw University of Technology Zurich University of Applied Sciences (ZHAW)



# **Collaboration project**



Forschungszentrum Jülich Helmholtz-Zentrum Geesthacht Huddersfield University IFJ PAN, Krakow INFN, Catania INFN, Legnaro INFN, Milan Institute for Energy Research (IFE) ISIS - Rutherford-Appleton Laboratory, Oxford Laboratoire Léon Brilouin (LLB) Lund University Nuclear Physics Institute of the ASCR Oslo University Paul Scherrer Institute (PSI) Polish Electronic Group (PEG) Roskilde University Tallinn Technical University Technical University of Denmark (DTU)



### **A global science hub** ESS, MAX IV, Science Village Scandinavia









# **Capabilities**



# 5 MW world's most powerful particle accelerator experimental stations 22 20× more sensitive on average than today's best 800 experiments per year 2023 first science for users

### **Neutron science**





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# Neutron science needs to push the boundaries





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### Neutron facilities – reactors and particle driven



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# **ESS High level design**



High Power Accelerator means more neutrons Flat moderator delivering smaller and brighter neutron beams



High brightness and tuneable resolution makes new measurements possible





An Innovative Target Station that can host >30 instruments

### **NSS Neutron Instrument positions** ESS Lead Partners for instrument construction



