



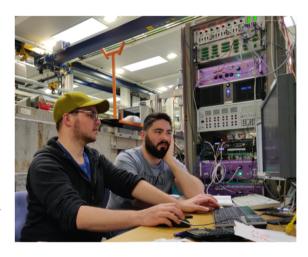
An introduction to NICOS

PRESENTED BY MATT CLARKE

Background



- Developed at FRM II in Munich
 - Started around 2002, developed for specific beamlines
 - Modernisation project started in 2009
 - Decision made to use it on all beamlines (2013)
- ESS and SINQ joined the collaboration ~2016
 - Survey of existing control systems such as IBEX, SICS, Bluesky, Sardana, ...
- Deployed at V20 for ESS tests
 - Choppers, SANS, ...
- Deployed at Utgård for integrating SE
- YMIR
 - Motion, scanning, light tomo



SINQ: deployment at AMOR

Facilities

















Architecture



- Poller
 - Responsible for getting the latest values from devices
 - Puts the values in the cache
- Cache
 - Stores device values
 - Supplies latest values to clients
- Daemon
 - The brain
 - Runs commands and scripts
 - Determines what devices are loaded
 - Forwards requests to devices



Core Functionality

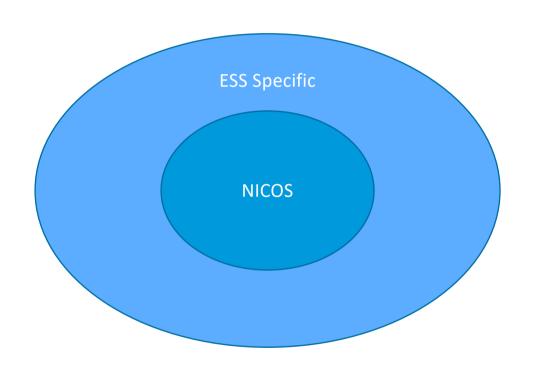




- Poller
- Cache
- Daemon
- Architecture
- Device hierarchy
- ..

ESS Specific

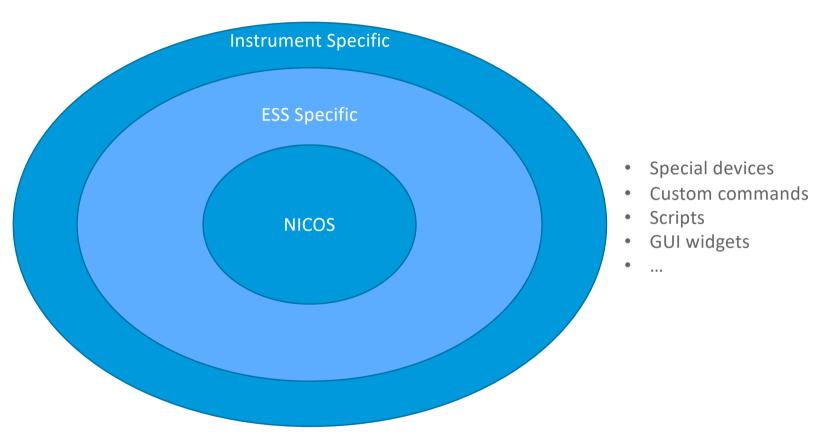




- EPICS support
 - Monitors
- Data files
 - Kafka file-writer
- ESS proposal system
- flowui
- Live display
- Graylog
- Common devices
- ..

Instrument Specific





Devices



- NICOS aims to make devices easy to add
 - Rules to be followed
- Devices is a broad term
 - A device that reads a single PV
 - A device that reads and writes a PV
 - An umbrella device that combines multiple devices
 - A completely custom device



Setup files

```
description = 'NE1600 syringe pump'
pv_root = 'E04-SEE-FLUCO:NE1600-001:'
devices = dict(
    pump_status_1600=device(
        'nicos.devices.epics.EpicsStringReadable',
        description='The current pump status',
        readpv='{}STATUS_TEXT'.format(pv_root),
        visibility=(),
    ),
    syringe_pump_1600=device(
        'nicos_ess.devices.epics.syringe_pump.SyringePumpController',
        description='Single axis positioner',
        status='pump_status_1600',
        start_pv='{}RUN'.format(pv_root),
        stop_pv='{}STOP'.format(pv_root),
        purge_pv='{}PURGE'.format(pv_root),
        pause_pv='{}PAUSE'.format(pv_root),
        message_pv='{}MESSAGE_TEXT'.format(pv_root),
```



```
description = 'The PACE5000 in the ESSIIP-lab.'
pv_root = 'SES-PREMP:Pctrl-PACE5000-01:'
devices = dict(
   pace_setpoint=device(
        'nicos.devices.epics.EpicsAnalogMoveable',
        description='The pressure set-point',
       readpv='{}Setpoint_RBV'.format(pv_root),
       writepv='{}Setpoint'.format(pv root).
   ),
   pace_pressure=device(
        'nicos.devices.epics.EpicsReadable',
        description='The current pressure',
       readpv='{}Pressure_RBV'.format(pv_root),
   ),
   pace_effort=device(
        'nicos.devices.epics.EpicsReadable',
        description='The current effort',
       readpv='{}Effort_RBV'.format(pv_root),
   ),
   pace_vent=device(
        'nicos_ess.devices.epics.extensions.EpicsMappedMoveable',
        description='The vent status',
        readpv='{}Vent_RBV'.format(pv_root),
       writepv='{}Vent'.format(pv_root),
        visibility=(),
        mapping={'Vent OK': 0,
                 'Vent in progress': 1,
                 'Vent complete': 2,
                },
   ),
```

Standard Commands



- Lots of commands
 - Not all relevant to us (will be removed/hidden)
 - Can add our own or modify existing ones
- Examples
 - move => change a device's value
 - maw => move and wait
 - waitfor => wait for condition
 - scan => scan a device
 - help()

Custom Commands

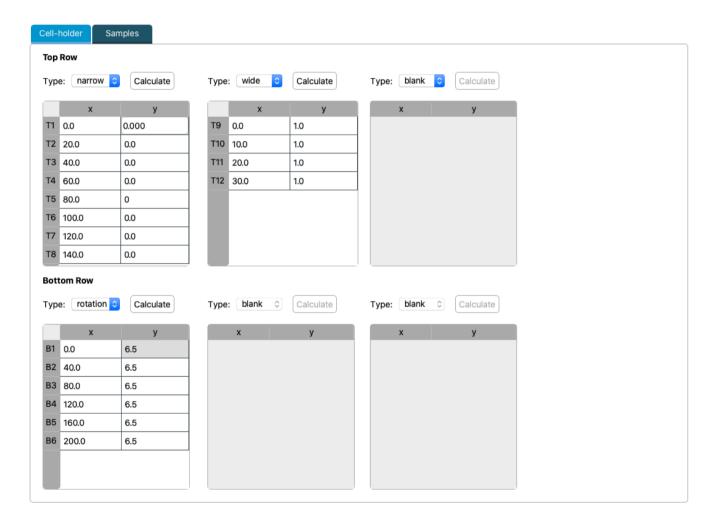


```
import random
from nicos import session
from nicos.commands import usercommand
from nicos.commands.standard import move
@usercommand
def set_wavelength(value):
    """Set the chopper to the specified wavelength"""
    session.log.warn(f'setting chopper to {value}nm')
    # TODO: insert proper calculation here
    move('ch1_phase', random.randint(0, 180))
    move('ch1_speed', min(value // 2, 300))
```



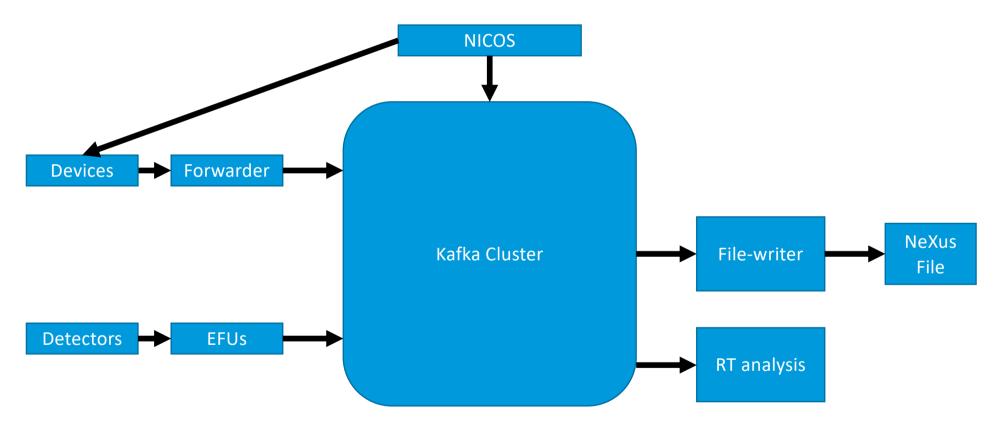
Custom GUIs





Experiment Control





Demo





Tasks



- Use the help command
- Load the chopper, detector and motion stages
- Move some motors
- Use the count command to count for 30 seconds
- Use the count command to count for 20,000 events on det_image1
- Scan mx coarsely to find rough centre (hint: help(scan))
- Scan mx more finely around centre to find a more precise value
- Break out your Python skills! Write a script that manually does a 2D scan:
 - for my = [10, 20, 30] and mx = [20, 30, 50, 70, 80]
 - and at each point:
 - prints out "moved to mx=? my=?" (replace ? with real values)
 - counts for 5 seconds