

DE LA RECHERCHE À L'INDUSTRIE



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# CRITICAL DESIGN REVIEW #1 FOR MEDIUM BETA CAVITY CRYOMODULES

3-4 APRIL 2017

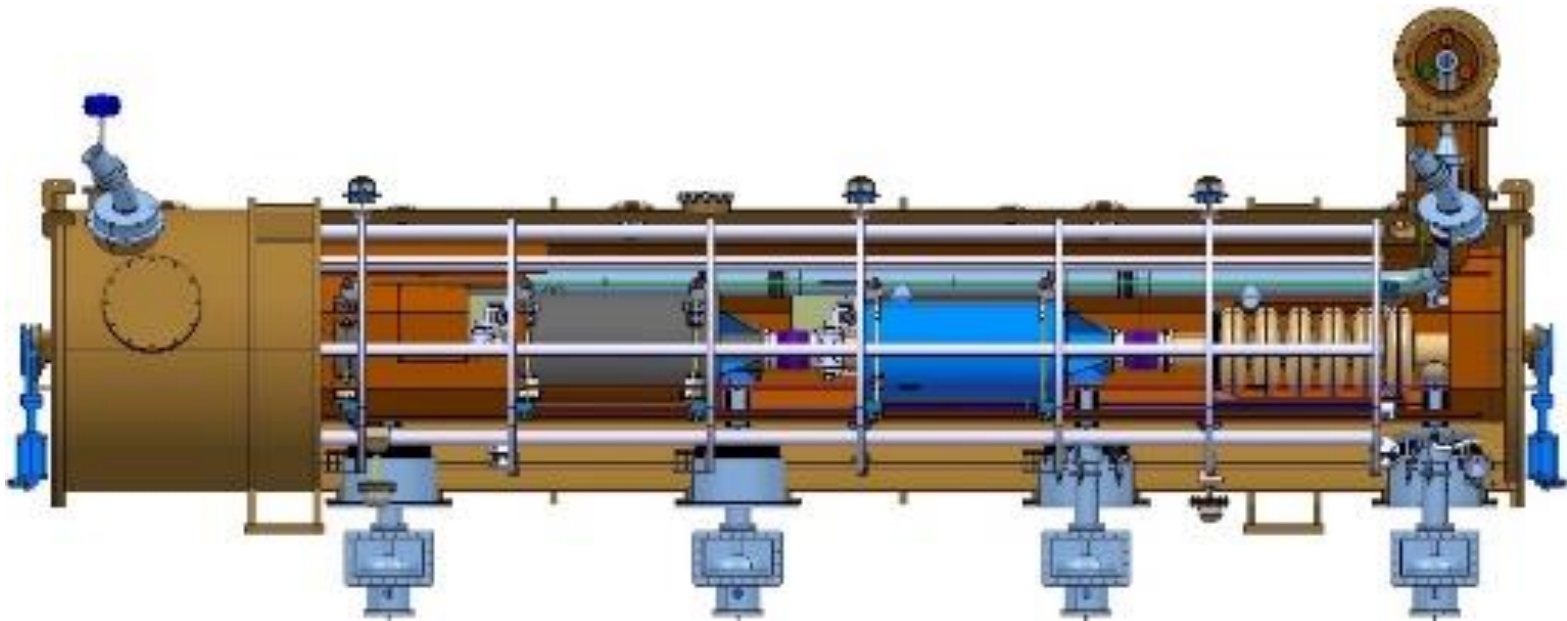
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## PRELIMINARY HIGH LEVEL TESTS PLAN

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OLIVIER PIQUET

- **Test-stand**
- **Instrumentation and Control-command**
- **Preliminary tests plan**

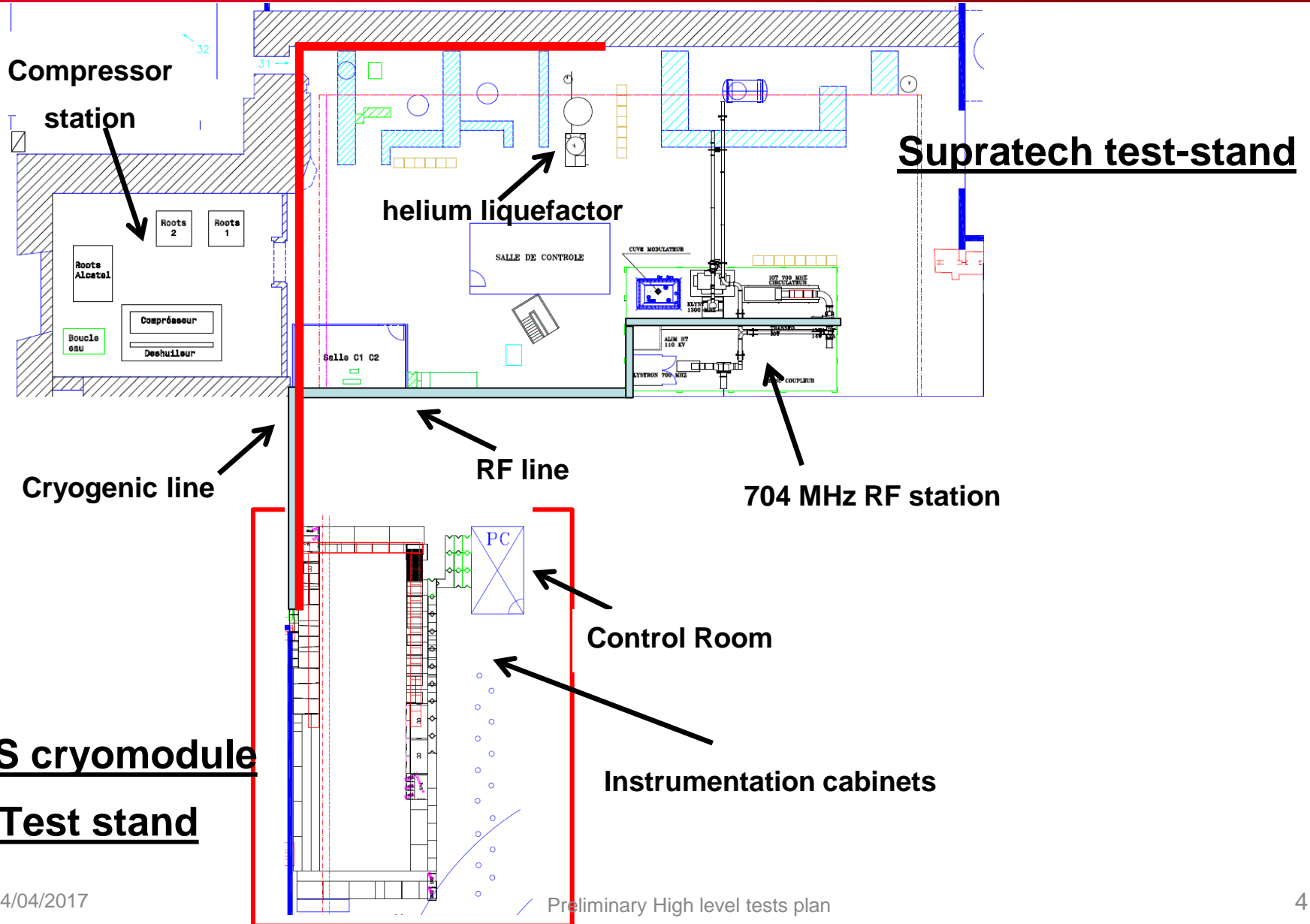


## Main goals:

- Cavity performances in a cryomodule configuration
  - Coupler performances (coupling, conditioning....)
  - Cavity performances (Eacc, radiation, fundamental spectra measurement...)
  - Tuner and piezo systems( Range, resolution...)
  
- Validation of the cryogenic operations
  - Validation of the control and the instrumentation of the cryomodule
  - Cryogenic measurements of cryomodule (static cryogenic losses, temperatures...)
  - Define optimal cooldown procedure
  
- **Verification that the assembly procedure doesn't degrade the performances of cavities and couplers**
- **Definition of test procedures for ESS cryomodules**



# M-ECCTD TEST-STAND AT SACLAY





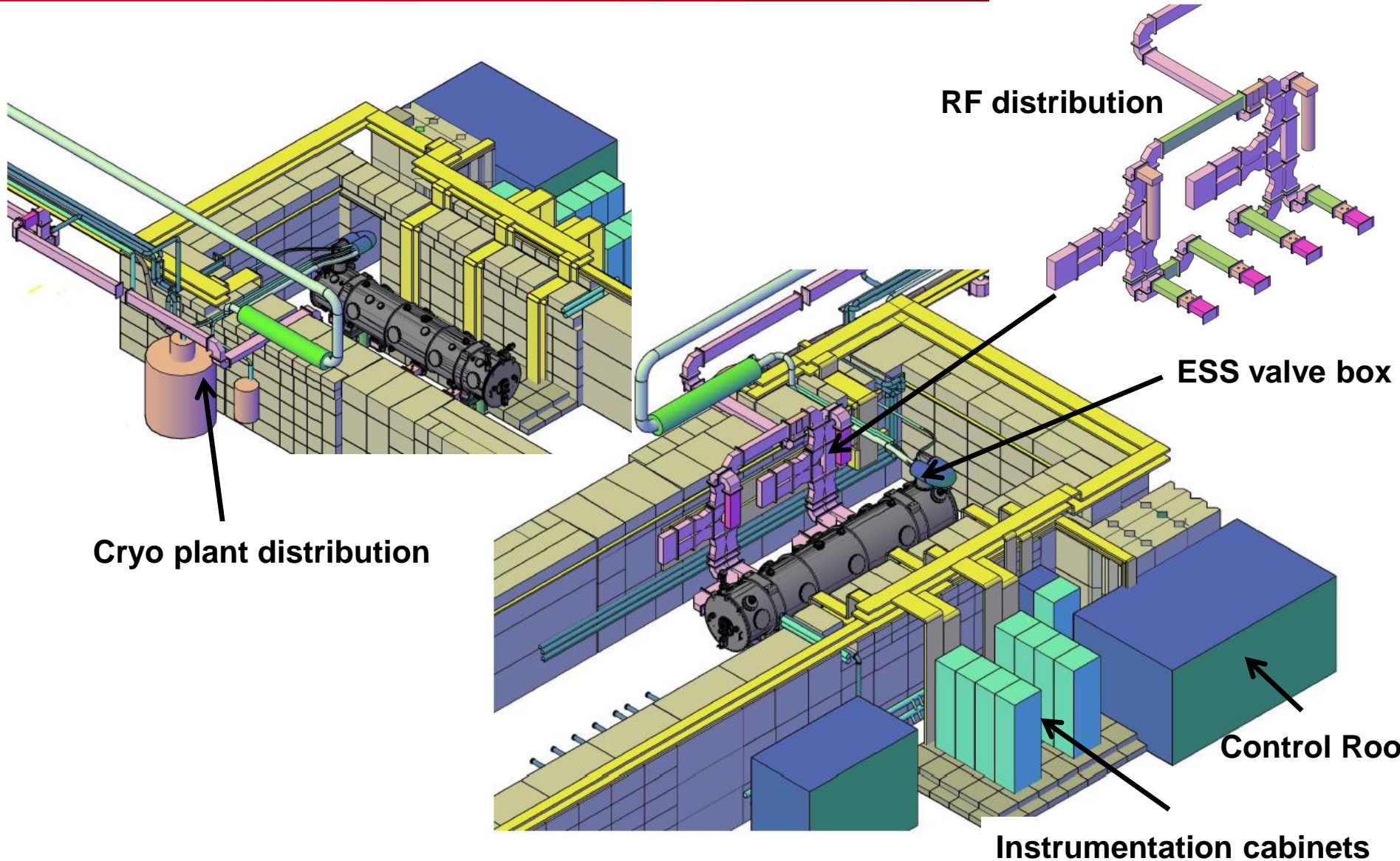
- **704 MHz RF station**  
(used for the conditioning for the 4 couplers of the M-ECCTD)

**1.1 MW peak power at 3.6 ms – 14 Hz**





# ECCTD TEST-STAND





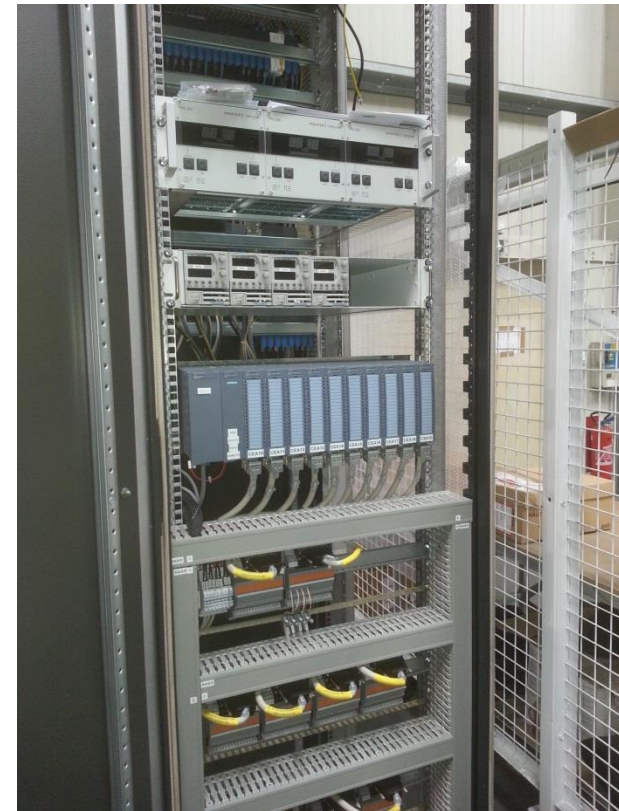
**Cryo plant distribution**  
(ready)



**RF distribution**  
(Installation in progress)

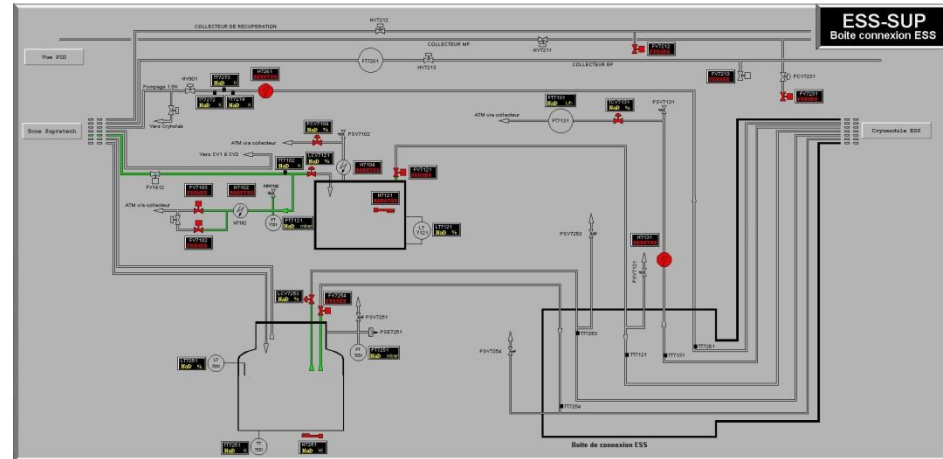
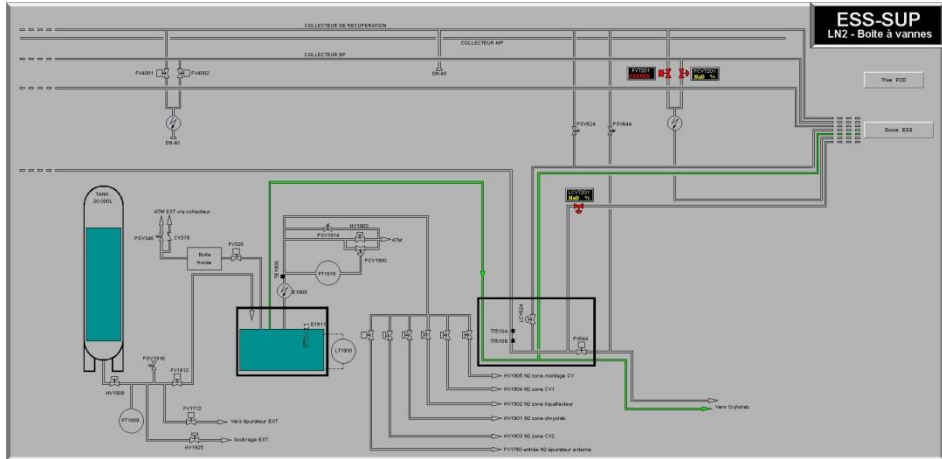


- Instrumentation for temperature, vacuum gauge, valves heater...

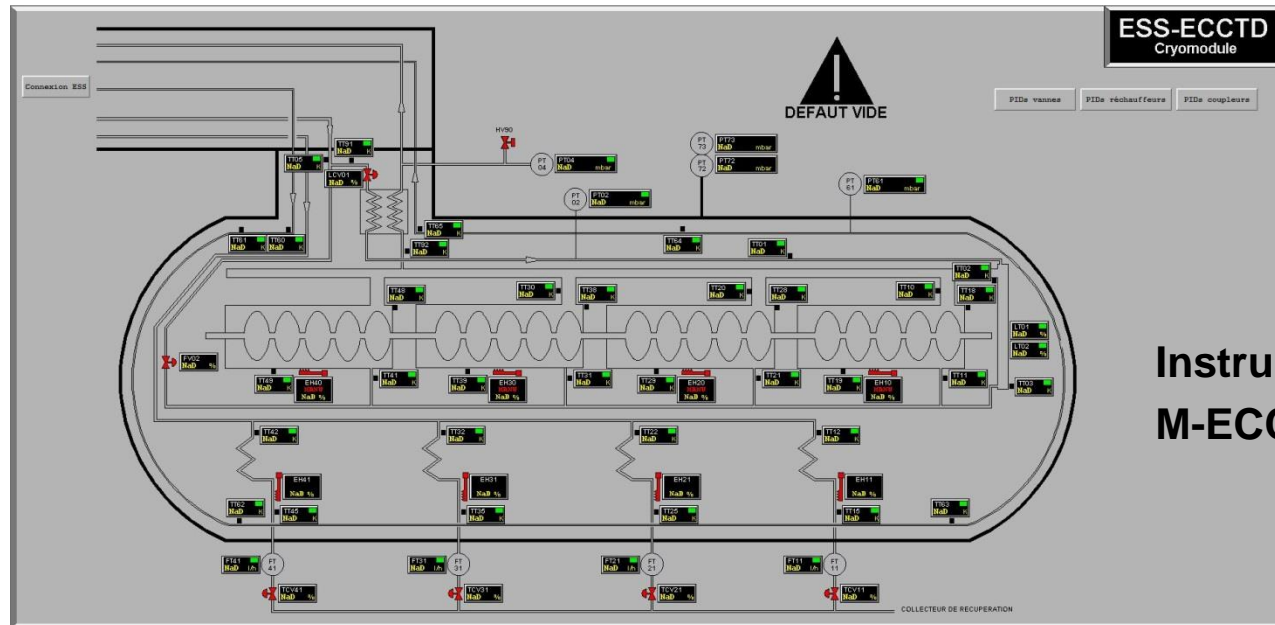


**Instrumentation cabinets for M-ECCTD control**



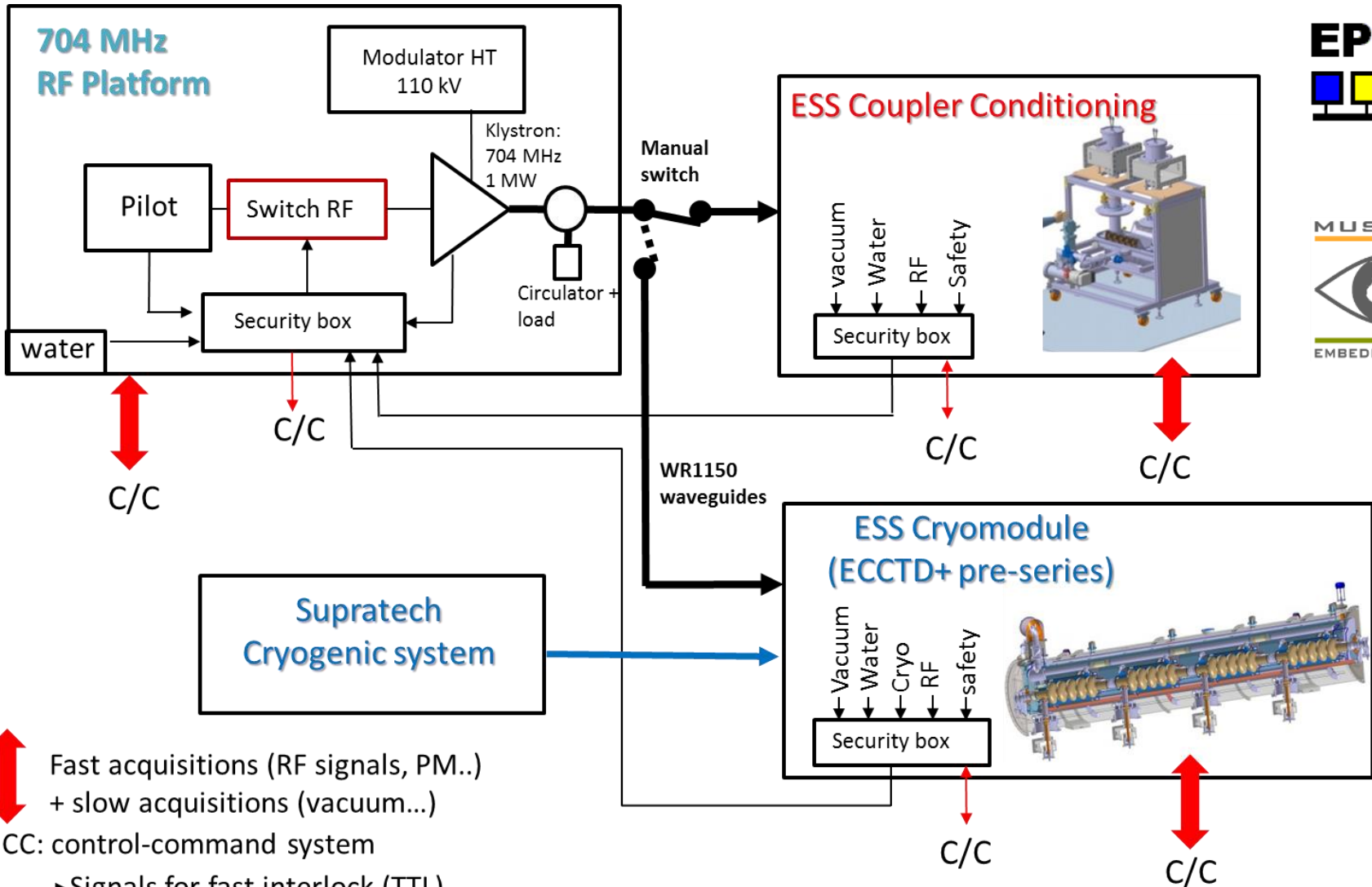


## Cryo plant for M-ECCTD



Instrumentation of  
M-ECCTD

# RF TEST-STAND



**Same instrumentation for test-stand and RF platform**

Same for coupler conditioning, RF power station and ECCTD test-stand

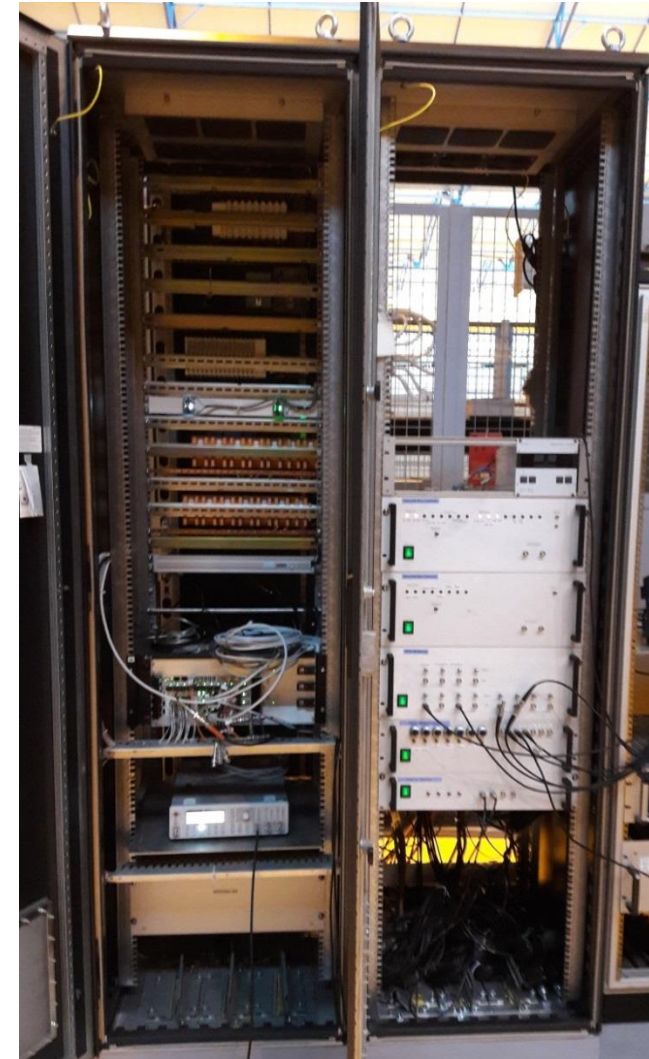
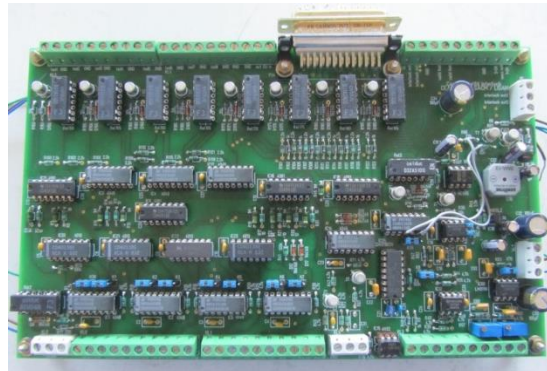
## Main roles of RF instrumentation

- Protection of systems (RF source, coupler, cavity...)  
=> Stop the RF in less than 20 $\mu$ s in case of interlock
- Acquisition of data (RF, arc-detector, electron current, temperatures, vacuum...)

## 2 cabinets:

- 1 for RF instrumentation and local protection system (Security Box)
- 1 for fast and slow acquisitions and control-command system

**Instrumentation has been designed to be simple and easy to configure with different functions**





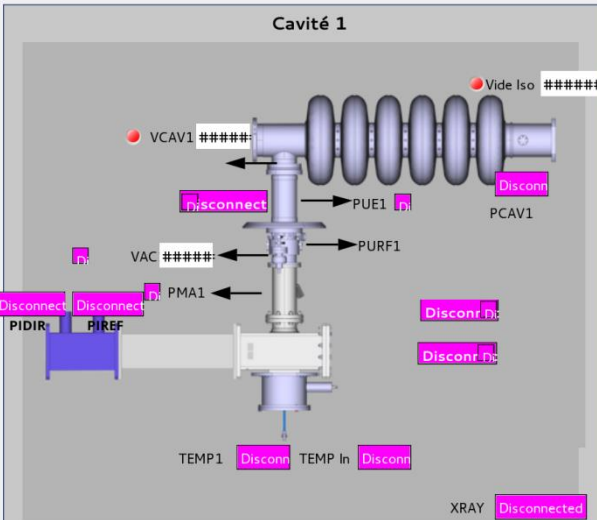
## Conditionnement Coupleur

Pilotage RF | Distribution RF | Coupleur1 | Coupleur2 | Coupleur3 | Coupleur4

**Graphiques**

- Puissances inc / ref
- Tension Cavité
- PickUp/PM

**Cavité 1**



**Interlocks**

- PUE [Disc]
- PMV [Disc]
- PMA [Disc]
- Vide coupleur [Disc]
- Vide iso [Disc]
- Vide cavité [Disc]
- Cryo [Disc]
- PKREF [Disc]
- Eau [Disc]
- Porte [Disc]
- Rayon X [Disc]

**Seuils sécurité**

- PUE [Disconnected]
- PMV [Disconnected]
- PMA [Disconnected]

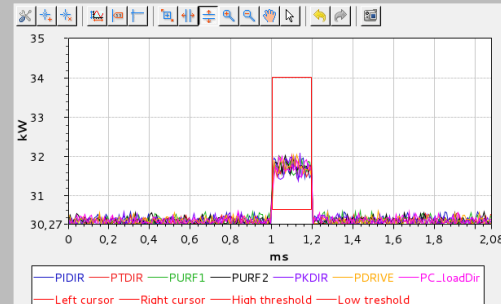
## Puissances incidentes

**Graphique**

Taille fenêtre: 4 ms  
Décalage pulse: 1 ms

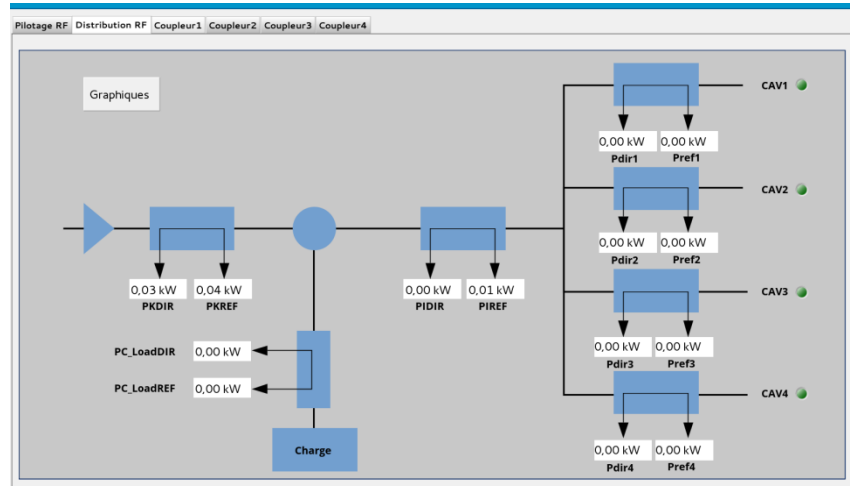
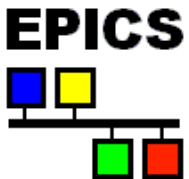
Seuil à afficher: PIDIR [v]

screenShot



	PIDIR	PTDIR	PURF1	PURF2	PKDIR	PDRIVE	PC_LoadDir
Average	31.68 kW	30.47 kW	30.49 kW	30.49 kW	30.49 kW	30.48 kW	30.48 kW
Max	32.33 kW	32.11 kW	32.13 kW	32.11 kW	32.10 kW	32.13 kW	32.12 kW
Min	31.35 kW	30.27 kW	30.27 kW	30.27 kW	30.27 kW	30.27 kW	30.27 kW
Seuil	On	On	On	On	On	On	On
Unit	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW	kW
Res	30,6500	-1000000	-1000000	-1000000	-1000000	-1000000	-1000000

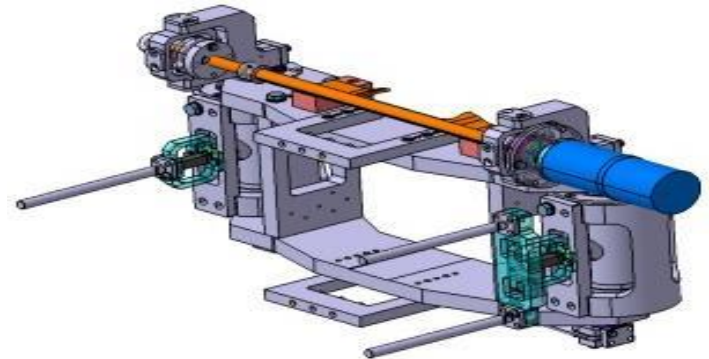
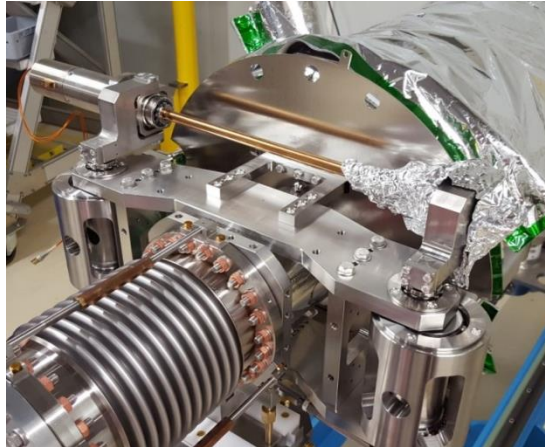
## Coupler and cavity control



## Fast acquisitions

## RF power distribution

- Slow tuning system for compensation of large frequency shifts (at low speed)



ESS-SAF  
Pilotage moteurs

Contrôle

Ready: ON OFF

Marche moteur: START

Retour point zéro: RAZULE

Sens: COUVE LIBE

Tour de vis max: NaD

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Déplacement

1 Tour moteur = 12 800 pts  
1 Tour de vis = NaD

NaD pts NaD tr de vis

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Information

Sauvegarde point zéro Sauvegarder

Pos sauvegardée  
NaD pts  
NaD Tr de vis

Parcouru  
NaD pts

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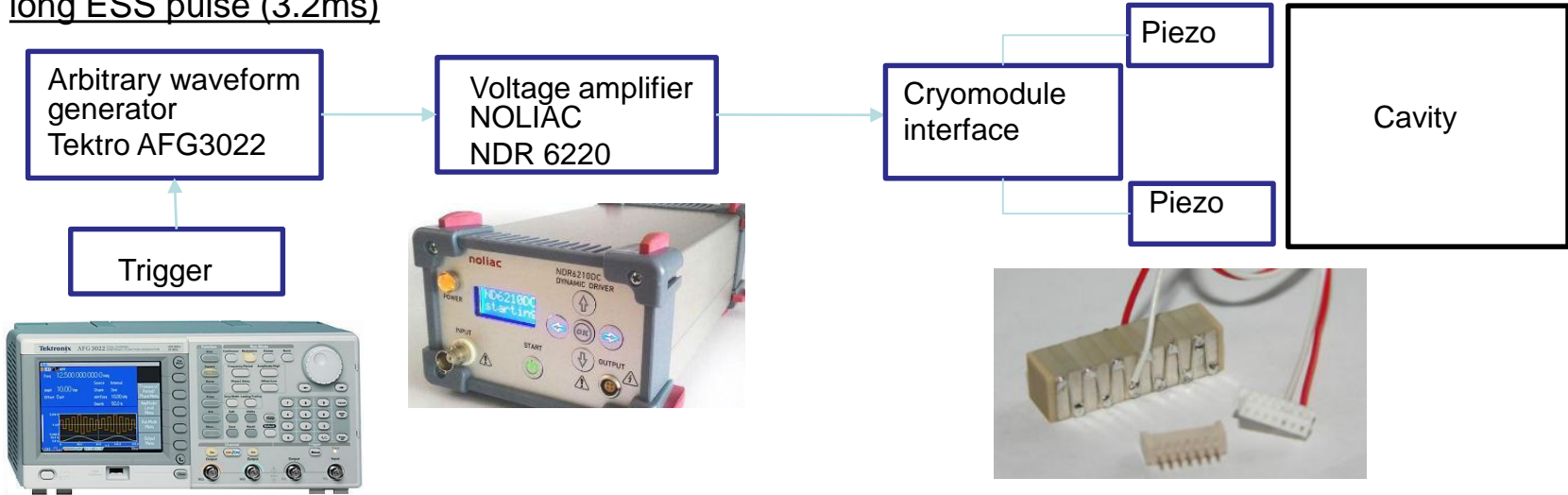
Parcouru  
NaD pts

Cryomod31e

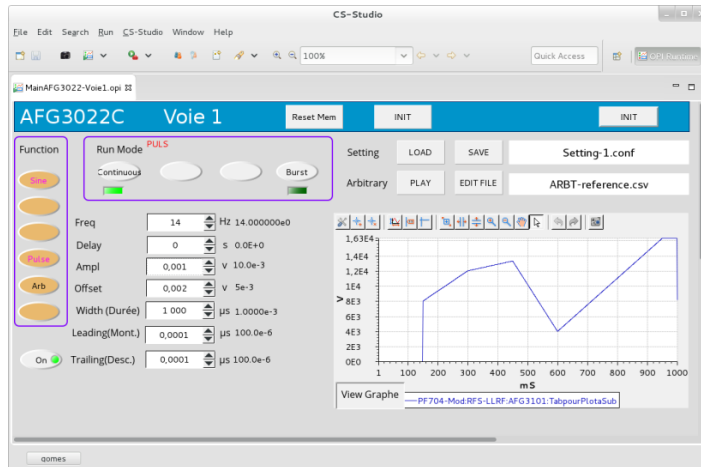
PLC LIFE NaD

Control for  
tuner system

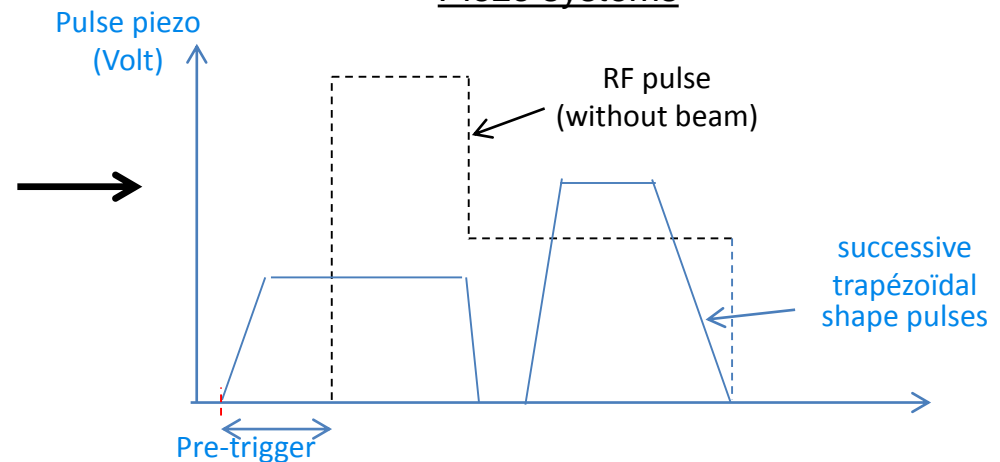
- Lorentz Force Detuning (LFD) compensation (critical system due to the long ESS pulse (3.2ms))



Contrôle de waveform generator in EPICS software



Define optimal (but basic) pulse for Piezo systems





## Installation

- Alignment
- Vacuum and cryogenic connections and leak tests
- Instrumentation installation and tests
- Interlocks verified (hardware)
- RF calibration (RF distribution, Directional couplers, cables...)
- Control system tests (software)
- RF source check (waveguides, control, interlock...)

## Warm tests

- Cavity frequency spectra measurement (Low power test)
- Couplers conditioning (off-resonance cavity),

## Single RF cavity test at nominal ESS RF pulse

### Cooldown to 4K

- Define optimal procedure
- Check of mechanical behavior of cryomodule during cooldown (position of coupler/cavity, vacuum vessel...)
- Low power measurements (frequency spectra measurement...)
- RF cables calibration
- Cold coupler conditioning
- First tests of tuner and piezo systems (control)

### Cooldown to 2K

- Define optimal procedure
- Check of mechanical behavior of cryomodule during cooldown (position of coupler/cavity, vacuum vessel ...)
- Alignment at cold temperature
- Low power measurements (Qload, frequency spectra measurement...)
- RF cables calibrations
- Tests of tuner and piezo systems (range and resolution, control...)
- Coupler Qload measurement


## For each cavity

- Cavity “conditioning”
- Measurement of Eacc max
- Radiation at nominal/maximal Eacc
- Quench limits
- Lorentz forces and microphonics measurements
- Piezo tests: definition of an optimal and basic control for the piezo
- Cryogenic system performances (Cryogenic behaviors, Helium circulation instabilities, static losses, losses from cavity and coupler...)
- Check of cryogenic control (heater, valves, temperature sensors...)
- Cooldown cycles

## Test of 2 cavities together (but not at the ESS nominal pulse)

- Check of no crosstalk between adjacent cavities (RF leakage, mechanical vibrations, tuner control...)



- Define customized instrumentation, tools and software for cryomodule test
  - Needs large data storage and powerful tools for analysis
  - Define cryomodule test flow
    - installation
    - instrumentation check
    - warm tests
    - Cold tests (4K and 2K)
  - Measurement of the performances for each cavity/coupler/tuner assembly
  - Validation of the control and the instrumentation of the cryomodule
  - Define optimal cooldown procedure
-  Define acceptance criteria according main specification

- Validate designs and construction capability of cryomodules
- Prepare the industrialization process by validating component life-cycles
- Define CM test procedures for cryomodule production
- Define standardized test reports
- Develop ESS SRF operating procedures
- Validate integration and interfaces with RF, cryogenics, vacuum and control systems
- Validate control command system
- Train people for cryomodule production and tests
- Test-stand for ESS developments: ESS controls architecture (control/command), LLRF, LFD compensation, ...

# Thank you

Commissariat à l'énergie atomique et aux énergies alternatives

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