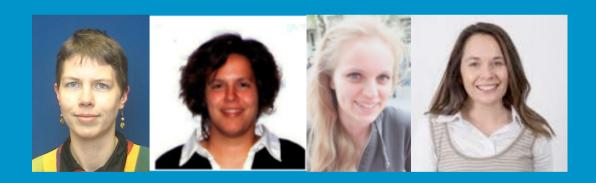


# On-site Laboratories and Other Sample Preparation Areas



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#### Outline

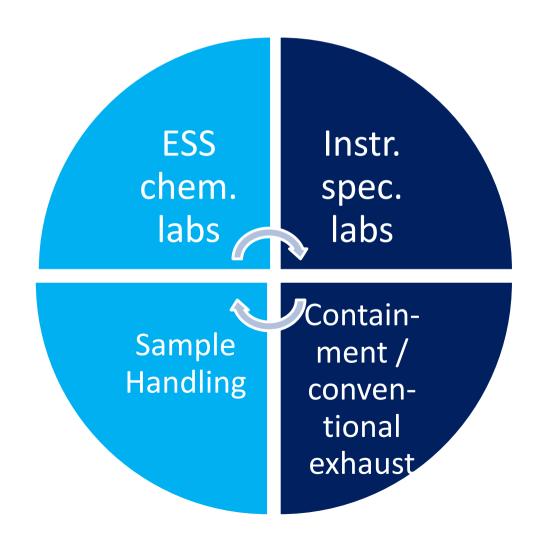


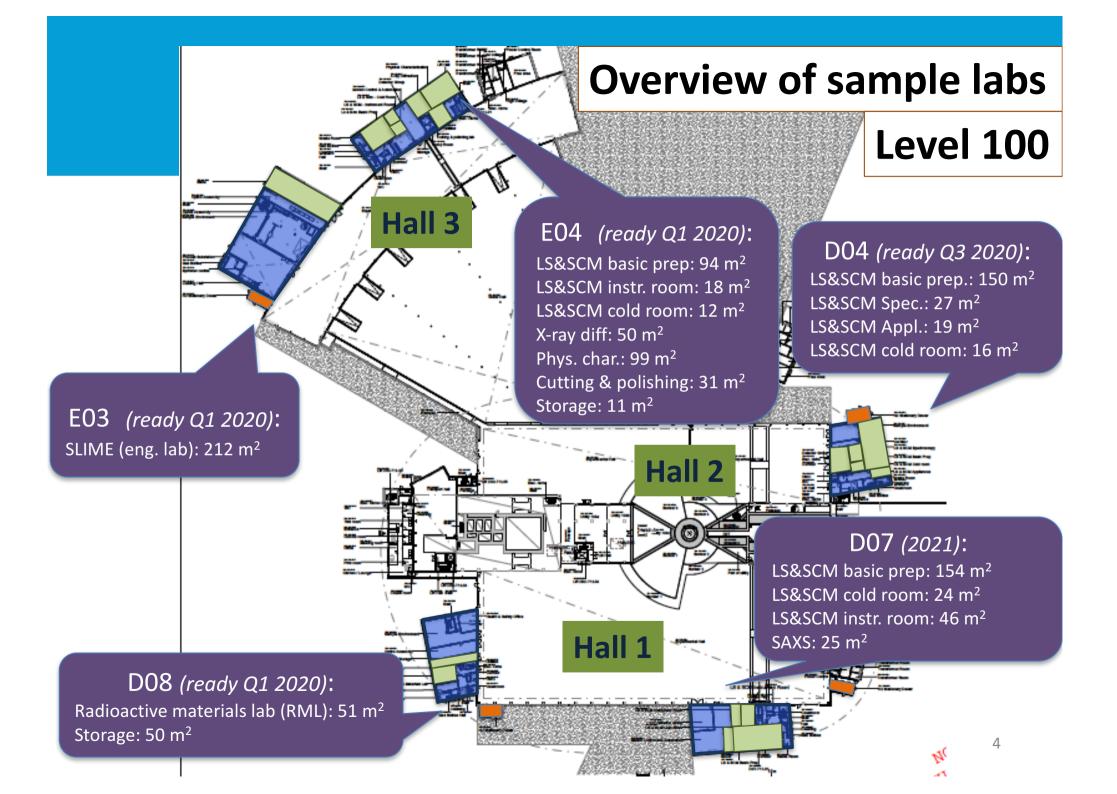
- Chemistry Laboratories
  - WHERE
  - WHEN
  - WHAT
- Instrument specific sample preparation
  - What is provided
  - Containment vs. conventional exhaust
  - Storage of activated samples, how to take them out of the beam
  - What are the limits (fire load/flammable gas storage/
  - Who makes the rules
  - What is provided
  - Who is responsible
- Sample handling rules: "what to plan for"
- Input?

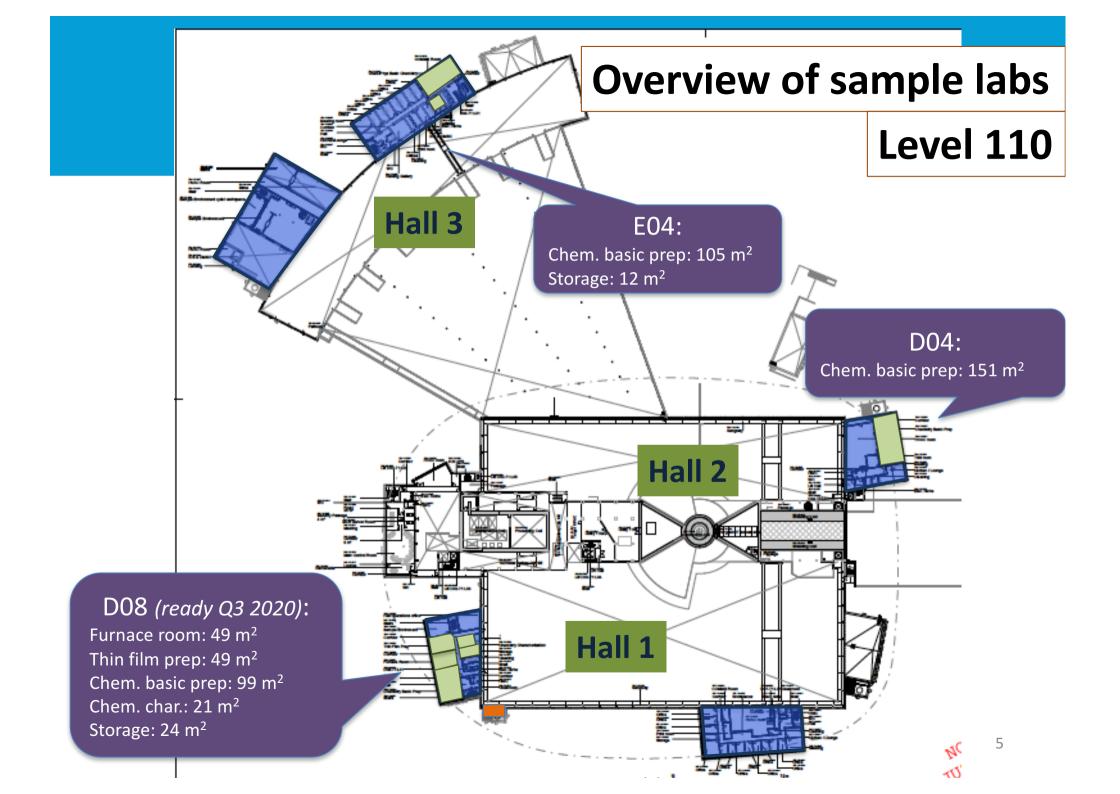




\* Sample handling and user labs



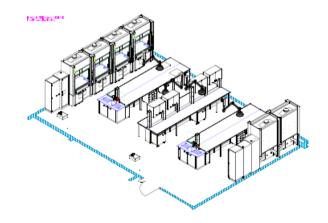




#### Provisions and schedule



- 8 general user preparation labs
  - situated in D04, D07, D08, E03, E04 support buildings
- 15 labs rooms for characterisation, cold rooms, etc.
- E-labs (& RML) to commence furnishing in 2019, on schedule
- General user labs on schedule to be completed in time for nearby instruments starting hot commissioning
  - earliest labs ready for use in 2020







## Instrument Specific Laboratories (IS labs)

#### = Area on each instrument used for handling samples

- Design of area is responsibility of instrument team
- Rules/regulations are responsibility of ESS (ESS-0040840)
- Operation of IS labs by instr. team (staffing/equipment/responsib.)
- SULF will assist in assuring the design/proposed work aligns with the safety requirements (TOLLGATE documents...). Potential restrictions for IS labs:
  - Fire load (flammable solvents & gases)
  - Health hazards (toxicity, nanoparticles, ...)
  - Radioactivity (maximum inventory/ shielded cabinets/...)



## Instrument Specific Laboratories (IS labs)

 Whether or not sample can be handled on the instrument will depend on experiment safety review AND provision on instrument (ESS-0024107, ESS-0024109, ESS-0024112)

 REMEMBER: the nearest user lab is not far from you and there we take the responsibility and make provisions for hazardous samples and user support!



#### Containment vs conventional exhaust

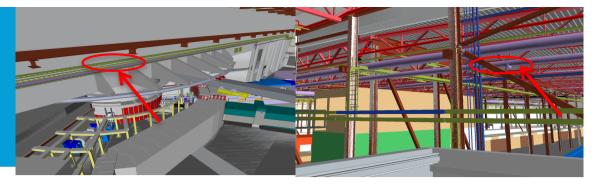
 Containment exhaust: goes to the main stack of ESS, can be used on sample area even if materials are radioactive

typical use: pump exhaust in experimental cave to provide containment for radioactive material, for gas flow experiments

 Conventional ventilation: goes to a regular exhaust (NO radioactive fumes are allowed!)

typical use: fume hood in instrument area for preparing samples, exhaust for flammable solvent/gas cylinder cabinet

#### Containment exhaust



- Containment exhaust => approx. KF 100 mm size usable for:
  - vacuum pump exhaust from sample area
  - slow gas flow over sample
  - ⇒provided: pipe end on the *wall of D02* (short instr.) / E01-E02 interface (long instr.)
  - ⇒Needed: run pipe to the experimental cave area of instrument, HEPA filter to catch particles, end flange that is covered when not in use
  - ⇒requirements wrt: HEPA filter, end flange and pipe size will come out in near future (ESS-0040840 will be updated)

#### Conventional exhaust

- Conventional exhaust => 315 mm dia., usable for:
  - Fume hoods/overhead extraction for IS labs
  - Cabinets with flammable/toxic liquids/gases
  - Sample storage cabinets
  - ⇒provided: pipe ending in the gallery (short instr.) / E01-E02 interface (long instr.)
  - ⇒Needed: run pipe to the IS lab area, add damper/filter for fume hoods/overhead extraction
  - ⇒Cover end flange if not in use
  - ⇒requirements wrt: damper/filter, end flange and pipe size will come out in near future (ESS-0040840 will be updated)

## WHAT do we (SULF) do?



req./paperwork

- + rules/regulations (training)
- + provide user labs
- + user support in labs

ESS chem. labs Sample Handling

Containment / conventional exhaust

Instr.

spec.

labs

- + support with safety
- + info what is supplied
- -no support/responsibility for operations

+ user/instrument team support in labs

- + rules/regulations
- + support for experiments if high hazard

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### Lab support



We realize instrument specific labs can be very useful and will support you in providing them!

We are also convinced that more hazardous handling of chemicals can be much better done in the fully equipped user laboratories.

#### Questions to:

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