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Personnel Safety System Configuration Management Plan

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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document describes the generic Hardware and Software configuration management process during the development of European Spallation Source (ESS) Personnel Safety Systems (PSS). It follows Functional Safety of IEC 61508

2. ABBREAVIATIONS

E/E/PE Electrical/Electronic/Programmable Electronic safety related systems

ESS European Spallation Source

CCB Change Control Board

CCR Configuration Correlation Record

CPU Central Processing Unit
CTRL Change Tracking List
DCR Design Change Request
FAT Factory Acceptance Test

HCCR Hardware Configuration Correlation Record

HMI Human Machine Interface

ID Identity

I/O Input / Output

PLC Programmable Logic Controller

PSS Personnel Safety System
SAT Site Acceptance Test

SRS Safety requirement specification

SIL Safety Integrity Level

3. INTRODUCTION

3.1 Scope

The scope of this document is limited to the PSS for the ESS.

The PSS Configuration Management Plan gives requirements to the following:

- Planning of the process, including defining activities, responsibilities and the tools to be procured;
- Identify, name and version each configuration item with the unique reference and determine whether they are to be brought under configuration control (configuration identification);
- Identify the version of each software item, which together constitute a specific version of a software baseline, including re-used software, libraries, and purchased commercial off the shelf software;

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- Identify the versions of relevant hardware modules including the hardware release and firmware version;
- Identify the versions of relevant hardware equipment;
- Identify, track and report the status of items, including all actions and changes resulting from a change request or problem, from initiation through to release (configuration status accounting);
- Provide release management for hardware and software before SAT.

3.2 Objectives

Configuration management will ensure that procedures to be used for uniquely identifying all constituent parts of an item (hardware and software) are followed. It also specifies procedures for preventing unauthorized items from entering service.

4. DOCUMENTS MANAGEMENT

4.1. Revision and Submission History

Well-defined document management ensures that in PSS Development all elements are clearly identifiable. This shall be referenced at the beginning of each document and software module (hereinafter referred to as 'documents').

The submission history is created at the beginning of the development and updated when a document is officially submitted to CHESS. Document revision history (end of CHESS document) shall be updated every time the document is changed.

The revision overview also points out, which modification was applied to the document in the different steps:

- New Feature → Something new was added to the system
- Maintenance → Modifications which change the information of chapters or sentences
- Correction → Modifications which rectify the information of chapters or sentences

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4.2. Convention for file names for software project files

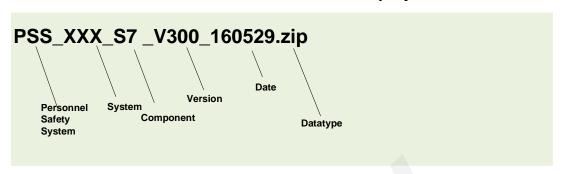


Figure 1: Convention for File Names in PSS for projecting files

- PSS
- This is a Personnel Safety System related file.
- System
 - PSS subsystems.
- Component
 - S7 \rightarrow S7 Project
 - HMI → WinCC Project
 - EPL → ePLAN drawings
 - MDS → Message Display System
 - ACS → Access Control System
 - PA → Public Address System
- Version according to baselines of PSS.
 - Version 0.x.y → Realization phase
 - Version 1.x.y → After FAT (Phase 1)
 - Version 2.x.y → After Final Integration Test (Phase 1)
 - Version 3.x.y → After Requirement Validation (Phase 1)
 - Version 4.x.y → After FAT (Phase 2)
 - Version 5.x.y → After Final Integration Test (Phase 2)
 - Version 6.x.y → After Requirement Validation (Phase 2)
 - Version 7.x.y → After FAT (Phase 3)
 - Version 8.x.y → After Final Integration Test (Phase 3)
 - Version 9.x.y → After Requirement Validation (Phase 3)

- Date
 - Format: YYMMDD
- Datatype
 - Depending on the tool used for creating the file

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[&]quot;x" describes a major change, "y" describes a minor change.

5. CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT

5.1. Description

Configuration management should apply administrative and technical controls throughout the lifecycle, in order to manage changes and thus ensure that the specified requirements for safety continue to be satisfied. Furthermore, it shall guarantee that all necessary operations have been carried out to demonstrate that the required safety integrity has been achieved.

CHESS shall be used as the default Configuration Management Tool. This tool guarantees that defined management procedure is maintained and traceability throughout the process, taking into account the roles described in the PSS Development and Quality Assurance Plan [1]

5.2. Hardware Configuration

During PSS development, all corresponding configurations shall be summarized in a record, called Hardware Configuration Correlation Record (HCCR).

The PSS Manager [1] shall be responsible for the maintenance of the HCCR (attachment 8.1).

The aim of the HCCR is to guarantee that appropriate configuration is used in the further development. A change to a specific configuration shall enforce a modification on the related configurations (refer to the Figure 4, Change management flow chart).

5.3. Software Configuration

Safety program can be created using program editor. Safety checks are automatically performed and additional fail-safe blocks for error detection and fault reaction are inserted when safety program is compiled. This ensures that failures and errors are detected and appropriate reactions are triggered to maintain the F-system in the safestate or bring it to safe-state.

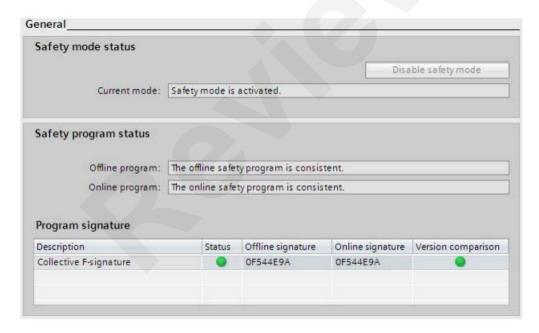
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In addition to the safety program, a standard user program can be run on the F-CPU. A standard program can coexist with a safety program in an F-CPU because the safety related data of the safety program are protected from being affected unintentionally by data of the standard user program. Data can be exchanged between safety program and the standard user program in the F-CPU by means of bit memory or data of a standard DB or by accessing the process image input and output.

Safety Administrator Editor shall use to determine the correct safety program was downloaded to the F-CPU by compare the collective F-signature of the safety program.

If the collective F-signature is different for the safety program online and offline, this means:

- The offline safety program was modified after the last downloading, or
- An incorrect F-CPU was addressed. Check the latter based on the collective F-signature.



The collective F-signature must be documented in the Software Release template (refer to attachment 8.2), including the date and time of compilation, provided by Step 7 TIA Portal.

5.3.1. Password Protection of Safety Related Software

With the Siemens SIMATIC safety F-System, it is essential to provide access control to the SIMATIC Safety F-system by two password prompts; one for the safety program and another for F-CPU. (Refer to SIMATIC Safety – Configuring and Programming, Programming and Operating Manual, 03/2017, A5E02714440-AF)

The password for safety program is available in two forms:

- The offline password is part of the safety program in the offline project on the programming device or PC.
- The online password is part of the safety program in the F-CPU.

Safety-related engineering tool "F System", safety- related code is protected by a password from unauthorized changes. The software password must be entered before any modification can be applied to the software, the system password must be entered before the download of software or hardware configuration to the PLC.

Password is defined by the Designer [1]. Approval needed from Manager [1] for password handover to other party, and the handover shall be recorded

5.3.2. Release of Safety Related Software

Software is officially released for the first time, after FAT and Safety Assessment is finished. Programming errors, other failures or change requests are then tracked via the "Changes Tracking List" (CTRL) (attachment 8.3).

In this list all relevant information to a specific modification is tracked. For an official release of changed software, the corresponding descriptions to the modifications in the CTRL are deployed with the released software.

All important software information is documented using the Software Release template (refer to attachment 8.2) . This template includes the name of the released software and modifications in the CTL. For each controller all collective F-signatures are included in the Software Release template.

Software Release template and the HCCR will form the PSS Configuration Correlation Record [refer to attachment 8.1] for the complete system.

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5.4. Change Management

5.4.1. No modification tracking

The first change management stage is "no modification tracking".

This stage is applied as long as:

- A document or software is in work and has not been sent for approval (all documents need to be approved before verification)
- Changes to the document are reduced to correction of spelling mistakes

5.4.2. Request for Modification

Any request for modification makes it necessary to use the process. The complexity of the modification is not relevant for using this process, so every modification has to be handled in the same way.

All people, involved in the system can place a Modification Request (refer to template...), but only in written form using the CTRL and the Design Change Request (DCR) template (refer to attachment 8.4). Modification Requests that are ready to be processed shall be recorded in the CTRL

Whenever a modification is requested, it is set to status "OPEN" in the CTRL:

OPEN	Request for modification has been placed, but was not processed until now. This status is set by the initiator of the Modification Request

Modifications can be used to guide corrections, enhancements or adaptions to the validated software, ensuring that the required software systematic capability is sustained.

The modifications shall consider:

- Completeness and correctness with respect to requirements;
- Introduction of intrinsic design faults;
- Avoidance of unwanted behaviour;

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- Verifiable and testable design;
- Regression testing and verification coverage.

5.4.3. Impact Analysis

The responsible person (chosen by Manager [1]) shall carry out an impact analysis for the Modification Request.

If at any phase of the software safety lifecycle, a modification is required pertaining to an earlier lifecycle phase, then an impact analysis shall determine:

- Which software modules are impacted?
- Which earlier safety lifecycle activities shall be repeated?
- Which hazard/s is/are affected?

During the integration testing of the safety related programmable electronics (hardware and software), any change to the integrated system shall be subject to an impact analysis. The impact analysis shall determine all software modules impacted, and the necessary reverification activities.

The impact shall be classified as Light or Heavy depends on the effect of the modification.

The classification shall be recorded in the CTRL.

5.4.4. Classification of the modifications

In the classification, the Designer defines whether the modification is "Major", "Medium" or "Minor" (Figure 2). Manager shall approve the modification.

The classification depends on the parameters, classified during Risk Assessment and Impact Analysis. As the classification of the different parameters is done by the Designer and proven by the Verifier, it is subject to their individual understanding.

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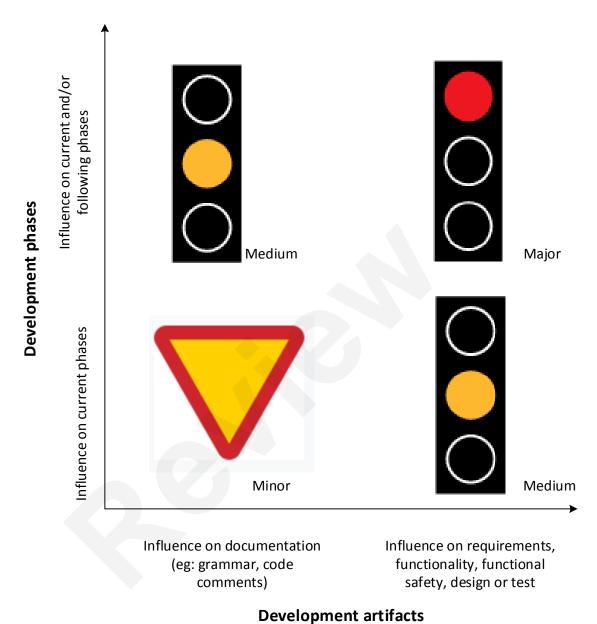


Figure 2 Classification of modifications

Problem severity: minor - Continuing of current phase activities possible - Transition to following phase is possible - Adjustment of relevant development artefacts falls to judgement by the PSS CCB
Problem severity: medium - Continuing of current phase activities possible - Transition to following phase is not possible before clarification of failures / problem - Exact investigation of the influence - Adjustment of relevant development artefacts
Problem severity: major Stopping of current phase activities Exact investigation of the influence Adjustment of relevant development artefacts. A step back to a preceding phase maybe necessary

If the Modification Request has been classified, its status is set to "ANALYSED":

	The request for modification is analysed. The Designer gives a
ANALYSED	recommendation for implementation of the modification request (YES
	or NO with explanation)

The classification is dependent on the kind of modification and thus has to be done individually. Nevertheless, some examples are given below.

To ensure an effective modification processing it is necessary to have qualified personnel doing this classification for each request separately. Classifiers shall also take into account requirement specification (SRS) issues. The raise of cost or extension of time shall be evaluated and documented.

Example	Modification Impact	Risk	Classification
Firmware update	Bad firmware → Heavy	Firmware update is implemented, the system supports such actions → High	Major
Safety related programming update	Collective signature will be updated → Heavy	Test need to be performed to prove same or improved safety function → High	Major
Replacement of standard IO modules	Modules are checked for correct functionality by the supplier before release → Light	module replacement may cause system shutdown → High	Medium
Replacement of safety modules	Modules are certified and checked for correct functionality by the supplier before release -> Light	Safety Modules replacement will cause system shutdown → High	Major
Change of communication from Industrial Ethernet to PROFINET	Changes in code, full test of communication necessary → Heavy	Low	Major
EPLAN Drawing update due to typo in one page of the DI module	Changes only applied in the EPLAN drawing -> Light	Low	Minor

Table 1: Examples for the Classification of a Modification

Note: Safety related modification is always categorized as a major modification.

5.4.5. Verification of changed software modules

The system stakeholder shall test and evaluate the output of a given software safety lifecycle phase to ensure correctness and consistency with respect to the input to that phase.

After each verification or re-verification:

- Identification of items shall be verified;
- Identification of the information against which the verification has been completed;
- Non-conformance to relevant specification documents

In this step, the Designer has to identify whether the modification is affecting any systempart with safety-relevant functionality. E.g. if the code which is only relevant for diagnosis in the failsafe system is affected, it is not needed to classify the modification as safetyrelevant.

This step is mainly necessary for modification of software.

EXAMINED	The classification of the Designer is examined, the Modification must be
	approved
OPEN	Request for Modification has been examined but not verified, changes
	in classification are necessary

5.4.6. Approval

The safety relevant Modification Request shall be approved before the implementation. Approval shall be given by the PSS Change Control Board, which consists of:

- Work Package Manager
- Designer
- Verifier
- Functional Safety Manager (optional)

The decision shall be documented; comments by each member of the board can be added.

If the modification is approved, its status is set to "APPROVED", otherwise in case of refusal the request is set to "REJECTED"

APPROVED	The modification is approved and can be implemented
REJECTED	The modification is not approved, no change is done

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5.4.7. Modification Status

The Designer implements the changes and modifies the documentation. If the Modification has been carried out, the status is set to "MODIFIED" (refer to the template).

MODIFIED	Changes are implemented but not yet tested.

During Change Management, finished status (refer to the template) is directly set after the implementation of the modification has been carried out, as the verification is performed independently with the relevant test concepts.

FINISHED	The modification has been implemented successfully, and the test has been carried out and is finished.

5.4.8. Verify changed software/hardware module/s

The result of each verification activity shall be documented, stating either that the safety relevant modules have passed the verification, or the reason of errors/failures.

5.4.9. Regression Test Concept

In parallel to the modification process, the Verifier develops the Regression Test concept. The mechanisms for the Regression Tests are dependent on the influence on the system, identified during impact analysis (refer to the section 5.4.3)

5.4.10. Regression Test Review

Before Regression Testing, the Designer shall check the Regression Test scenario for covering all critical items from the Impact Analysis. In addition, the Designer shall decide whether the modifications are testable with the Regression Test Concept:

REVIEWED	The Regression Test concept has been reviewed and no changes are necessary
REJECTED	The Regression Test has been reviewed and changes are necessary. The Designer shall provide a detailed failure description in order to enable the Verifier to correct the failure.

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5.4.11. Regression Testing

After the modification has been implemented, the Verifier shall check the correctness of the modification according to the test mechanisms developed in parallel to the modification phase. After the regression testing has been carried out successfully, finished status is set. The regression test shall be classified as shown in the table below:

FAILURE	The modification has not been implemented correctly, changes are necessary. The Verifier shall provide a detailed failure description in order to enable the Designer to correct the failure. After the failure/error has been corrected, modified status is set. (refer to section 5.4.8)
REJECTED	If the test case is not usable, the Regression Test Concept must be adapted. The status is set to reject and the Verifier shall change the Regression Test Case. Before the test is carried out with the corrected Regression Test Concept, the Designer shall review the test case
FINISHED	The modification has been implemented successfully, and the test has been carried out and is finished. (refer to section 5.4.8)

5.4.12. Overview Change Management and failure documentation

The following figure gives an overview about the interactions between change management and documenting errors/failures during test.

For error/failure documentation, the relevant checklist and Failure Description template is used. (Refer to attachment 8.5)

The Designer classifies the error/failure as "safety relevant" or "not safety relevant". In case it is not safety-relevant, the error/failure is only documented using the failure description template (refer to attachment 8.5).

The document number of this failure description is the line number of the test list with always five digits ID. For example: 1XXXX is related to hardware, 2XXXX is related to software, 3XXXX is related to electrical. Or to make use the remaining 4 digits to separate the issue within a system, for example: 21XXX is related to PLC CPU, 22XXX is related to digital I/O cards.

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If the error/failure is classified as safety- relevant, a modification request is generated using the Design Change Request template (refer to attachment 8.4).

In this Design Change Request template, the IDs of the failure descriptions are documented. The Design Change Requests are tracked via the CTRL. After the Modification has been implemented, the test in the relevant check list shall be carried out again to verify the modification for being implemented correctly.

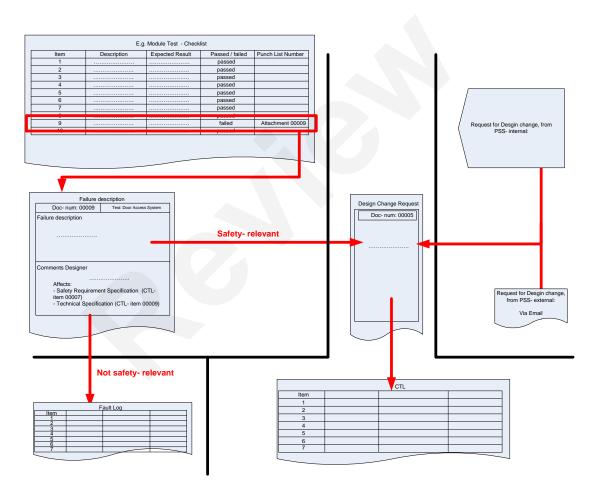


Figure 3: Document interactions during the change management process

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6. FAILURE TRACKING

Failures found at any time during the development of PSS shall be documented in the CTL if they are safety relevant. The tracking of non-safety relevant failures is carried out, via a Fault Description (refer to attachment 8.5). The process for correcting failures is then carried out, according to Modification Management described in chapter 5.

Manager is responsible for the Modification Management to be implemented. During Validation, the CTRL and the Fault Description are checked for being fully processed.

7. REFERENCES

- [1] ESS-0061709, PSS Development and Quality Assurance Plan
- [2] SIMATIC Safety Configuring and programming, programming and operating manual, 03/2017, A5E02714440-AF
- [3] IEC61508: 2010 Functional Safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems
- [4] ESS-0018781, ESS Process for Configuration Management
- [5] ESS-0068713, ESS definition of facility documentation

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8. ATTACHMENT (TEMPLATES)

8.1. Configuration Correlation

EUROPEAN SPELIFICON SOURCE				PSS Ha	rdware Config	uration Correlation R	ecord	
	S Hardwa ration Cor Record			Project Division: Responsible CHESS No.: Version		ICS PSS		
Approved		Department			Place, Date		Sign	
Reviewed		Department			Place, Date		Sign	
Prepared Yong Kian Sin		Department PSS			Place, Date Lund		Sign	
Note: This document	is seen as lifed	cycle document ar	nd thus subject	to a continuous	s change.			
Legend								
Co	lor	Accelerator ODH Neutron Instrum Engineering Sta	ent	PLC-Rack		IO_Rack		
Editors								
Editors Family Name Sin	First Name Yong Kian	yongkian.sin@e	E-Mail			Telephone		

Internal Revision Log

Internal Revisions					
Rev.	Issue	Responsible	Туре	Reason for Change	Changed Sections
1	2017-06-15	Yong Kian Sin	new feature	first issue	all

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Rack	Slot	Order No.	Designation	Hardware	Version	Setpoint
Α	-	2866763	Quint PS, DIN rail power supply unit 110V DC -24V DC/5 A	Rev. 05	1109	
			Power supply PS407 10A; AC 120/230V -> DC 5V/24V			2 batt Indic.
			S7-CPU 1518; 2x1; 1 MPI/DP, 1 DP	1	V4.5.5	
			Sync. Module for Patch Cable up to 10 m	5		
			Sync. Module for Patch Cable up to 10 m	5		
			RAM MEMORY CARD, 8 MBYTE	7		
			CP 443-1, Industrial Ethernet, S7-400	5	V2.1	
	-	6GK5204-2BC10-2AA3	SCALANCE X204-2LD, MANAGED IE SWITCH, 4 X 10/100MBIT/S RJ45 PORTS	6	V4.2	

Hardware

Device CHESS No. : Setpoint

Software

Device Designation Version Setpoint

SIMATIC S7, F-PROG-SW U.FB-LIB.FLOAT. LICENSE SAFETY MATRIX TOOL V6.2, FLOAT. LICENSE 6ES7833-1CC02-0YA5 6ES7833-1SM02-0YA5

Actual Filename of Archive PSS_S7_V300_171231.zip

Safety Signature Date and Time Project

8.2. Software Release



Personnel Safety Systems

PSS Software Release Version -

Prepared by :				
Reviewed by :				
Released by :				
	Name	Department	Date	Signature

(A)

NOTE

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0.1	version reclinical specification	
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1 Submittal of Software

1.1 Version of Software

Submitted Software	Covered Objects in CTL (No.)	Current Version of CCR

1.2 Modified Part of Software

Modified Project	Relevant Safety Program	Safety Signature	Overall Signature	Timestamp Compile

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2 Submittal of HMI

2.1 Version of HMI

Submitted Software	Covered Objects in CTL (No.)	Current Version of CCR

2.2 Modified HMI System

Modified HMI System	Timestamp Compile

3 Corresponding Documentation

3.1 Version Technical Specification

Submitted Software	Covered Objects in CTL (No.)	Current Version

4 Attachments

A) Current CTL (only modifications in submitted software shown)	page/s
B) Current CCR	page/s

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8.3. Changes Tracking List



PSS Changes Tracking List

No.	Object of Change	Subject	Classification	Status	Responsible	Date Raised	Date Approved
		Modification of safety programming					
2000	1 Software	for door access	Major	Finished	Yong Kian Sin	2017-06-01	2017-06-15
1000	1 Hardware	Replace fault DO module	Medium	Approved	Morteza Mansouri	2017-06-07	
"					·		

8.4. Design Change Request



Doc Number *	
Date *	Month Day Year
Originator *	
Title *	
Fault concerns Additional Informati	Software Hardware HMI Document Other
Reason for Design	

Design Change			
	- 4		
Modification is safety- relevant? (DES) *	Yes	⊝ No	
Impact Analysis (DES)	Heavy	Light	
Justification (DES) *			
•			
	o Minne		
Classification (DES)	Medium		
(Major		
Signature and Date (DE:	S) *		
		Clear	
		2.131	
Examination (VER) *			
	Not Accepted		

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(VER) *			
		Clear	

8.5. Failure Description



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PSS Failure Description			
Doc No.: Title:	Date: //	Originator:	
Description of failure (respons	sible Verifier):		Fault concerns Software Hardware HMI Documents
Classification of failure (respondate, Signature, Dept		☐ Major ☐ N	ledium Minor
Comment (responsible Desig	ner)		
☐ Affects sati	fety- relevant part	☐ No affect safety-	relevant part
Accepted by Verifier			
Date, Signature, Place			



Level

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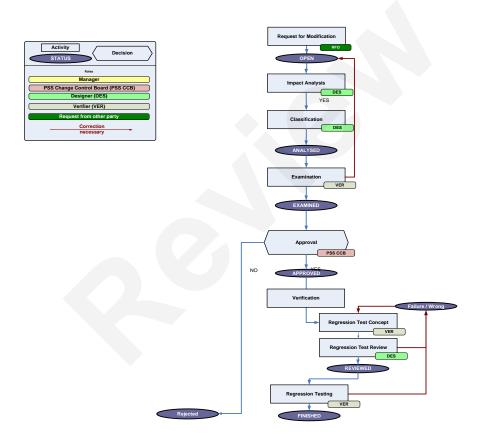


Figure 4: Change management flow chart

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Reason for and description of change	Author	Date
1	First issue	Yong Kian Sin	2016-05-09
2	Second issue	Yong Kian Sin	2017-06-06
	After document review by ZHAW, the following modifications were made to the document:		
	Chapter 4.1: Correction explanation updated		
	Chapter 4.2: Component updated		
	Chapter 5.3: Software Configuration added more details according to IEC61508		
	Chapter 5.4.3: Impact Analysis added more details according to IEC61508		
	Chapter 5.4.4 Figure for Classification for modifications added,		
	table Example of Classification of Modification updated		
	Chapter 5.4.5: Verification of changed software modules added		
	Chapter 5.4.6: Status of approval updated		
	Chapter 8: Templates added		
3	Reviewer and Approver list updated References updated	Yong Kian Sin	2017-10-19

The document has been reviewed by ZHAW, and fulfilled the requirements of IEC61508

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